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VOL. XCI, NO. 100

VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST, SUNDAY, APRIL 10, 1904.

FORTY-SIXTH YEAR.



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## CANON SHOCKS THE CHRISTIAN WORLD.

Chief Dignitary of Westminster Abbey Repudiates Accepted Versions of Christian Faith as Inadequate and Unsatisfactory.

LONDON, APRIL 9. CANON HENSON, one of the chief dignitaries of Westminster Abbey and a select preacher of both Oxford and Cambridge universities has raised a storm of criticism by an article in the Contemporary Review in which he entered into the question of the future of the Bible. In this article Canon Henson impugns the inspiration of the Old Testament, referring to its "incredible prolixity" and "demoralizing narratives" which are regarded as a "jack of lies too gross for toleration."

Letters, interviews and resolutions by church and lay bodies, denouncing Canon Henson, followed this onslaught. Sir Oliver Lodge, the distinguished scientist, added fuel to the fire by an article entitled "Suggestion Toward the Re-interpretation of the Christian Doctrine." This agitation for

threatens to stir the church to an unprecedented degree. Canon Henson declares that "inspiration" is now not allowed to certify to the truth of any statement in the Bible "which cannot be substantiated at the bar of reason and evidence." In the New Testament he finds too little of reason. "But whether much or little it will have to go the way of the Old Testament prodigies." He recommends supplementing the reading of the Bible in church with "Christian compositions which have secured the approval of general acceptance" declaring that "unfettered reading of the Bible in public is an extremely perilous proceeding," and adding that "the rigidity on which rests the modern English church to Canonical Scriptures is as intrinsically indefensible as it is

practically mischievous." Despite its misdeeds, however Canon Henson holds that the Bible will continue for all time to be the "best manual of fundamental morality and the best corrective of ecclesiastical corruption," besides being "the most effective check on the materialistic tendencies of modern life." In a striking analysis of the present social condition, Canon Henson attributes the spread of anarchy, the "ulcer" that is eating the vitals of society, to the disappearance over large areas of civilized life of the religious basis of morality. He offered an excuse for these

"NON-MORAL MULTITUDES," who, "from the cradle to the grave have

facial the severe pressure of competition, the squalor of poverty and the miserable exigencies of unmet needs," and was "inevitably compared their condition with the ostentation of unearned wealth, the profusion of unneeded luxury and the insouciance of unshaken power." The Canon said that when it is remembered that these "crude, shocking contrasts are no longer regarded with the dull stare of ignorance, but in the full light of these doctrines of equality which are the commonplaces of the modern mind, it is no wonder that the minds of thousands are predisposed towards the sophistries of anarchy. "It would be idle to deny," he concluded, "that the credit of the Scriptures

IS SERIOUSLY SHAKEN in the public mind, nor can it reasonably be doubted that the tendencies of popular life as at present prevailing are in the main hostile to Christian tradition." In another and similar article Canon Henson, dealing with Christ's resurrection, asks, "Is the faith of the church in the Divine Christ living, present and active, really built on an empty tomb? For myself, I prefer to believe that no such intimate, vital connection exists between the truth of Christianity and the traditional notions of its historical origins."

Sir Oliver Lodge asks, "how that religion is becoming so much more real," whether the "formal statement of some of the doctrines we have inherited from medieval and still earlier times can not wisely and inoffensively be modified?" and

SHOCKS MANY of his co-religionists by declaring that he regards the "doctrine of atonement in its concrete form as a survival from barbarous times, regarding the belief in an angry God appeased by the violent death of Christ, and maintaining that human nature now is rising to the conviction that we are part of nature and so part of God. In this sense the ancient and still earlier times can not tell us as to the inner meaning of the redemption of man."

These outspoken utterances have caused public and private appeals to be made to the Archbishop of Canterbury, but so far no action has been taken. The action of Canon Henson's bold declaration that "current and generally accepted versions of Christian truth are becoming inadequate and unsatisfactory" is awaited with interest.

**VIOLENT STORM STRIKES OTTAWA**  
Thunder and Lightning Visits Capital But not Much Damage Done.

From Our Own Correspondent.  
Ottawa, April 9.—A violent thunder storm with heavy lightning prevailed here this afternoon. Two or three buildings were struck, but not much damage was done.

The government now expects that the debate on the Grand Trunk Pacific will conclude on Wednesday night, when a division takes place on Mr. Borden's amendment. The committee stage will be gone into the week following.

J. E. Duggan, chief train despatcher of the Canadian Atlantic, has been appointed expert to the railway commission to investigate accidents.

Capt. Bernier, who leaves tomorrow for Antwerp to bring over the steamer or Grues, will sail from New York Tuesday with a crew of twenty-five.

**HOSPITAL SHIPS.**

St. Petersburg, April 9.—United States Ambassador McCormick has notified the foreign office that the Japanese have converted the Red Cross hospital ship the steamer Sakai Maru, Kobe Maru, Sakai Maru and Kosai Maru.

**MAMMOTH VESSEL LAUNCHED.**

Lorain, Ohio, April 9.—In the presence of an immense crowd of spectators, the steamer Augustus D. Wain, the largest ever built on fresh water, and said to be the largest boat designed especially for carrying freight in the world, was successfully launched. She will cost about \$500,000.

**FEARFUL STATE OF ROADS.**

Korean Highways Impassable and Towns are Collection of Hovels.

St. Petersburg, April 9.—A correspondent of the Associated Press writing from Antung (on the Yalu river) under date of March 10, describes the fearful state of the roads and the journey from Feng Huang Cheng to Antung, which he says is impossible for vehicles. The correspondent depicts Antung as a miserable collection of hovels, the inhabitants of which on account of the scarcity, cannot afford timber for fires and straw instead.

**MRS. BOTKIN TO JAIL FOR LIFE**  
Female Poisoner Given a Life Sentence For Murder of Mrs. Dunning.

San Francisco, Cal., April 9.—Joshua Deane, of Dover, Del., today swore to a complaint before a police judge, charging Mrs. Cordelia Botkin with the murder of his wife, Ida Henrietta Deane, by means of the same poisoned candy that caused the death of Mrs. J. Dunning, her sister.

A warrant for Mrs. Botkin's arrest on this new charge of murder was served on her later, in the county jail. She will be imprisoned for life. This action has been taken in order to perpetuate the testimony of the witnesses from Delaware by the state, who are anxious to return and cannot legally be engaged to come back to California in case of a retrial.

Mrs. Botkin was given a life sentence for the murder of Mrs. Dunning.

**U. S. COALING STATION.**

Washington, April 9.—The United States navy department is making arrangements for a naval expedition to Kiska, off the Aleutian Islands, where it is proposed to establish a coaling station. The gunboat Petrel and the collier Saturn will be employed on this work, and will leave San Francisco April 25th.

**ALLIANCE HABIT SPREADING FAST**  
Austria and Italy now in Accord Regarding The Balkans.

Rome, April 9.—According to semi-official information received here, Foreign Minister Tittoni, and Count Gorchowski, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, at their meeting at Abbazia today succeeded in completing all the points, even the smallest detail, of a proposed Austro-Italian accord regarding the Balkans and also in agreeing upon a method of solution of several questions which may arise between them, thus strengthening the triple alliance and adding a new co-efficient to European peace.

**ARCTIC STEAMER.**

Tromsø, Norway, April 9.—It is reported here that William Ziegler, of New York, has chartered the Arctic steamer Fridtjof as a provision ship for the Ziegler Arctic steamer, America.

**EMPEROR AT MALTA.**

Valletta, Malta, April 9.—The German emperor, William, with Empress Augusta, arrived here this afternoon. The emperor landed at 7:45 p.m., and dined at the palace.

## Courts Investigation

Ex-Mayor A. G. McCandless informed the Colonist yesterday evening that in view of the remarks made by Police Magistrate Hall in rendering his decision in the Chinese liquor license case in the Police court on Wednesday last, and the statement made by J. P. Wells, respecting an offer of \$2,000 made to the latter by Chinamen, he would demand that the fullest enquiry be made into all the circumstances surrounding the affair, with a view to getting all the facts.

It is likely that Mr. McCandless' request for an investigation will be immediately granted, and that an enquiry will be held some day during the coming week.

The progress of the investigation will be followed by the public with the keenest interest, as has before aroused such a tremendous amount of interest and speculation.

The Colonist will publish full reports of further developments as rapidly as they eventuate.

## Pre-emptors Of Land

Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works Explains Policy of Government.

**Misapprehension of a Notice Given by His Department.**

**No One Fulfilling Conditions Need Fear Being Disturbed.**

A "great deal of adverse comment has been published in the papers of the province opposed to the present provincial administration respecting a notice to pre-emptors of crown lands, by which it is made to appear that all such pre-emptors who are in arrears on April 15th will have their pre-emptions cancelled. As that date is close at hand a representative of the Colonist called on the Hon. R. P. Green, chief commissioner of lands and works, for information.

Mr. Green said he had seen a good many of the comments made, and they had arisen either from a total misapprehension of the notice given by his department, or a deliberate wish to mislead the public. The government, he said, had no desire to work hardship on the bona fide pre-emptors of land, and would in all instances extend every consideration and every possible concession to bona fide pre-emptors. As a matter of fact the notice in question only applied to persons in arrears in 1899, as was best shown by the notice itself.

"Attention is hereby directed to the notice signed by the chief commissioner of lands and works, and dated 22nd June, 1899, in which all pre-emptors of purchasers of crown lands, from whom the purchase money remaining unpaid on such lands is overdue, are called upon to make full payment of such balance, with interest thereon, if any is due.

"And further notice is hereby given to all persons who have failed to comply with the requirements of the said notice that such overdue balances of purchase money are not paid on or before the 15th day of April next the records or agreements concerning such lands will be cancelled."

"It is evident," said Mr. Green, "that the government must draw the line somewhere, and if in 1899 persons were in arrears one year, they can hardly claim that they are being hard upon now by being asked to pay. This would be true even if the persons were living on their claims and improving them; but in the great majority of cases the pre-emptors are persons who have never bona fide lived upon and were filed upon purely for speculative purposes. This is a condition of affairs that exists all over the province, and the department would have to put an end to it, more especially as there are so many enquiries from home seekers, who would become actual, useful settlers if they could get the land.

## KING EDWARD VII IN ROLE OF PEACEMAKER

Exact Status of Much Forecasted Anglo-Russian Understanding—Queen Alexandra's Solicitation for a Rapprochement.

LONDON, APRIL 9.

THE Associated Press learns that the exact status of the much forecasted Anglo-Russian understanding is as follows: After King Edward had given his personal assurances to Emperor Nicholas that the anti-Russian comments in the British press did not represent the feeling of his government, Foreign Secretary Lansdowne informed the Russian ambassador, Count Benckendorff, that he would be glad to open negotiations looking to a

SETTLEMENT OF ALL MATTERS now in dispute between Russia and Great Britain. Lord Lansdowne did not stipulate a basis or enter into any details. Ambassador Benckendorff expressed his pleasure at the offer and transmitted it to St. Petersburg, where Lord Lansdowne's action is understood to have been taken as a material expression of King Edward's personal message.

Therefore, as the matter stands, negotiations beyond Lord Lansdowne's offer have not been opened, and are not likely to assume any particularly definite phase in the near future. Both King Edward's personal action, and the part taken by his foreign secretary, are due in a great degree to the untiring solicitation of

QUEEN ALEXANDRA who has been greatly distressed over the war, which has involved her Russian relatives and Great Britain's ally. Diplomats accredited to the Court of St. James express surprise at the fact that Lord Lansdowne has gone even so far as he has.

The Associated Press learns that Russia and Great Britain secretly negotiated to the same end eighteen months ago, but the attempt to draw up an agreement came to an abrupt end. Under Lord Lansdowne's announcement in the House of Lords that under no consideration would Russia be allowed a port on the Persian Gulf. Since then the question has been regarded as a deadlock.

CHANGED CONDITIONS and with the good offices of the French government secured through the recent agreement, Lord Lansdowne is said to genuinely entertain the hope of an eventual settlement by which the Anglo-Russian spheres of influence throughout the world may be determined and the ceaseless and costly rivalry between the two nations ended for ever.

On all sides it is pointed out that

beyond the agreement on outstanding matters with France, the paramount questions are the delimitation of the Afghan frontier, access to the Persian Gulf and the sphere of influence in Persia. It is surmised in well-informed circles that Great Britain is willing to cede to Russia

A SPHERE OF INFLUENCE in northern Persia if Russia agrees not to interfere in southern Persia. It is thought that Russia's request for a port on the Persian Gulf never will be granted, but the Associated Press learns that Russia lately has exhibited a keen desire to acquire interests in Abyssinia, so as to gain access to the Red Sea. This might be arranged in lieu of a port on the Persian Gulf. The Emperor Menelik, it is reported here, has been informed of the Russian designs, and his amiability in opening up his country to American enterprises is attributed here to his desire to

SECURE SUPPORT against any possible intention on the part of Russia. The delimitation of the Afghan frontier is not believed to present insurmountable difficulties, providing Russia is willing to renounce the designs always accorded to her in Great Britain on the Indian Empire. The question of the Far East and the Balkans are not thought likely to enter into the pending negotiations, though Russia doubtless will endeavor to secure British influence towards rescinding the provision of the Berlin treaty, which closes the Danubian to the passage of Russian fleets.

ON THE DEFENSIVE. Unpreparedness on the Part of Russia Prevents Forward Movement.

St. Petersburg, April 9.—The Vostok Vessels Harbin correspondent says everything shows that on account of the unpreparedness it has been decided that the Japanese will never pass Mukden.

In anticipation of the cutting of the railroad the correspondent says families south of Mukden have been ordered north. He adds that the regular railway guards have been supplemented by volunteers armed by the government and drilled by the army instructors. Troops travel 45 versts an hour going to Liao Yang, according to the correspondent.

## MINE OUTLOOK AT ROSSLAND

Le Roi Is To Resume Shipping Next Week, on a Rather Small Scale.

Rossland, B. C., April 9.—"You may state that next week the Le Roi will resume shipping on a small scale for the purpose of determining which slope will produce the best fluxing ores. In two weeks we hope to resume shipping on a normal basis." This from Acting Manager Mackenzie, of the Le Roi, outlines the present status of affairs at the mine.

Shipments for the week ending tonight are low owing to the partial suspension at Le Roi, although clearing out of bins and slopes piles up considerable tonnage from that property. The figures are: Le Roi, 2,448; Le Roi No. 2, 600; Le Roi No. 2 (crushed), 270; total, 6,443; year to date, 123,974.

In other respects the local mining industry has been making good progress. The expected resumption at No. 1 mine has been postponed pending commencement at Northport smelter and the Split-zee mine has commenced loading ore for the Trail smelter, and will ship steadily. The official statement made that the Le Roi No. 2 concentrator is earning profits daily for the company. The Elmore oil section of the works will resume May 1st, a test run being made in the interim on straight water concentration.

## NEWFOUNDLAND, IS SATISFIED

Over Announcement of Settlement of the French Shore Question.

St. John's, Newfoundland, April 9.—General satisfaction is felt here over the announcement of the settlement of the French shore question, though details will have to be received before the full extent of the altered conditions are appreciated. The governor and members of the cabinet decline to give any information regarding the matter until they are authorized from England to do so.

It is believed, however, that the French will abandon altogether their territorial claims in the Newfoundland coast, with the cod and lobster fishing rights along the littoral. The only point regarding which uncertainty is felt here is whether any arrangement can be made to meet the French desire to obtain bait on the south coast, which the Bait Act now prevents.

**BANKIER DEAD.**

Philadelphia, April 9.—E. W. Clark, head of the banking house of E. W. Clark & Co., one of the oldest financiers of this city, died today, aged 76 years. Mr. Clark was identified with a Rochester traction enterprise.

## A PROTECTORATE OVER MOROCCO

France Gains This By the New Treaty With Great Britain.

Paris, April 9.—Although the Anglo-French colonial treaty just signed makes no specific reference to any protectorates, it is now recognized that between the lines of the treaty is meant the establishment of a French protectorate over Morocco, similar to the present protectorate over Tunis, and that it makes permanent the British protectorate over Egypt.

Thus the effect of the treaty is to transform the entire political geography of Northern Africa, with Great Britain dominating the eastern shores of the Mediterranean and France the western shores.

**SIGNAL COMPANIES MERGE.**

Buffalo, April 9.—Taylor Signal Company, of this city, and the Pneumatic Signal Company, of Rochester, are to be merged into one firm to be known as the General Railway Signal Company, capitalized at \$5,000,000.

**ARMORED AUTOMOBILE.**

Paris, April 10.—According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Journal, a large number of armored automobiles, manufactured in Germany, France and Belgium, will leave there for the front on Monday.

**ENGLISH MAIL RACE.**

London, April 9.—This week's run with the mails was easily won by the American Line steamer St. Louis, from New York, April 2, and which arrived at Plymouth at 3:08 today, whose post has reached London at 9:17 this morning. The British steamer and liner steamer Ettrah, from New York, April 2, only arrived at Queenstown at 4:24 a. m. The mails were distributed before one o'clock.

**RUSSIA'S FORCES.**

Paris, April 10.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Echo de Paris telegraphs that a competent staff officer there says that Russia is not weakening her European frontier garrisons owing to the war in the Far East, and that 500,000 Russian troops will be in Manchuria at the end of May. This officer also asserts, the correspondent says, that since the British Tibet expedition started, the Turkestan and Caucasian forces of Russia have been considerably strengthened.

**SEARCH FOR MURDERER.**

Colchester, Conn., April 10.—At 24 hours of unrelenting search for John Marks, the farmer on whose premises the dismembered body of Joseph Pavoli was found in a bog yesterday, Sheriff Jackson and his assistants will keep a vigilant watch for the fugitive tonight in the southern part of this town. Marks was seen once today by his pursuers, but managed to escape.

**A NEAT TRICK.**

Wire Tappers "Do Up" Pool Sellers at Knoxville, Tennessee.

## Easteride at St. Petersburg

Unrivaled Dramatic Effect of Great Annual Russian Celebration.

Scene at the Winter Palace one of Stately Magnificence.

St. Petersburg, April 9.—The Russian church and the Russian people at midnight celebrated the resurrection of the Saviour. For dramatic effect this Russian Easter service is unrivaled, for the spirit of genuine democracy reigns in autocratic Russia. Upon the occasion of the rising of Christ, the Great White Czar salutes with a kiss the son-in-law posted at the palace door, and the highest dignitary and the lowest man exchange the joyful tidings with equal freedom. From every building along the national colonnade and in every window burned a candle, a privilege permitted only on this night. The most popular places of the celebration of the Easter service were the Great House of the Czar, where repose the Ikons, which, according to Russian legends, saved the day of Poltava, the Cathedral of Our Lady of Kasan, who helped to drive the Poles back from Moscow, where were preserved

NAPOLEON'S EAGLES and captured French battle flags, and the famous cathedral of St. Isaac, where are deposited Ikons world renowned for their priceless gems, one of which jewels is the mate of the celebrated Koidon. The service here was attended by the entire diplomatic corps, while pressing around the outside unnumbered thousands stood for hours with tapers in their hands, awaiting the announcement that the Saviour had risen. But it was in the service in the chapel of the Winter Palace, which was attended by the Emperor, that the real interest centered. The scene at the palace was one of stately magnificence. The ceremony was carried out in accordance with the strictest formalities.

The rank and beauty of the empire were assembled. THE GORGEOUS BLAZE of multi-colored uniforms, the picturesque national dresses of the court ladies and the glitter of stars and decorations, made a brilliant picture. In the celebrated marble concert hall, which was flooded with light from innumerable electric lights, were gathered the maids of honor of the Empress, who were required on this occasion to wear the Russian costume—sarafans of brightest-laced velvet. Under kokoshniks, resembling tiaras, ablaze with gems and ornaments of gold embroidery, troopers from the Chevalier Guards, resplendent in white tunics and scarlet breeches, mounted guard with drawn swords. At the door of the chapel two gigantic grenadiers, attired in superb uniforms, waited as sentinels. The doors leading to the imperial apartments were guarded by the Russian Guard Mamelukes and Arab foot men, their swarthy faces half hidden by their fantastic head-dresses, in keeping with their Oriental garb. At half-past eleven a second

GUN BOOMED from the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, on the opposite side of the Neva. Within the church the solemn service was proceeding in the presence of only the officiating clergy and Count Casanovitch. Behind the altar, the Emperor, who concealed the holy eucharist from all eyes, the mystery took place. Then the court chaplain, in gorgeous vestments, approached the golden gates. The doors were opened and the wedding sheet was lifted. The tomb was empty. Turning as Christ's disciples did, the clergy, with the banner of the church aloft, passed to the door, seeking the vanished Saviour. As they reached the entrance, the Emperor's Arabesque threw wide the portals, revealing the imperial procession. Simultaneously the imperial choir of men and boys, which is unequalled even by the Sistine choir of Rome, began to chant softly. Slowly and majestically

THE PROCESSION MOVED into the chapel, the clergy retreating to the high altar as it advanced. The members of the imperial family walked arm in arm in the order of their rank, which disregarded the ties of matrimony. The Emperor's sisters, for instance, being far ahead of their husbands. The Emperor wore the uniform of the Foot Guards, with the blue ribbon of the Order of St. Andrew on his breast. He carried his nodder, which was carried in white. The young Empress, veiled in white, leaned on the arm of the heir apparent.

At the head of the aisle, before the splendid altar formed of malachite, lapis lazuli and jasper, inlaid with gold and jewels, the imperial procession halted, and Count Casanovitch, in resplendent robes, announced in the old Slavonic tongue of the Russian church, "CHRIST IS RISEN."

"Christ is risen, indeed!" replied His Majesty in echo. As these words were pronounced the choir burst forth into a triumphant psalm. Outside a signal rocket shot up into the sky; the cannon at the fortress roared, and with one voice all the bells of the city pealed forth. At the same time the churches, which had been darkened until then, were brightly illuminated, and huge bonfires flared up at the four angles of the cathedral of St. Isaac. In the streets below the windows were candle-lighted, and every head was bare and members of the populace embraced each other before returning home to the Easter feast.

Similar rejoicings occurred at the palace. After prayers and mass had been sung, the Emperor

EMBRACED THE EMPRESS, then the members of the imperial family, kissing each three times and exchanging the salutation, "Christ is risen! He is risen indeed!"

The conclusion of the service was marked by the firing of one hundred and twenty guns from the fortress. As His Majesty left the chapel he stopped to greet the sentinels at the door, kissing them each on the cheek, the soldiers responding reverentially to their sovereign's greetings. Through each hall the Emperor passed, repeating the salutations. Then the imperial family withdrew to the malachite drawing-room, where, with a number of guests, they sat down to an Easter supper.

BRITAIN'S FISCAL POLICY.

London, April 9.—The British sugar refiners are protesting themselves against a possible duty on sugar in the forthcoming budget.

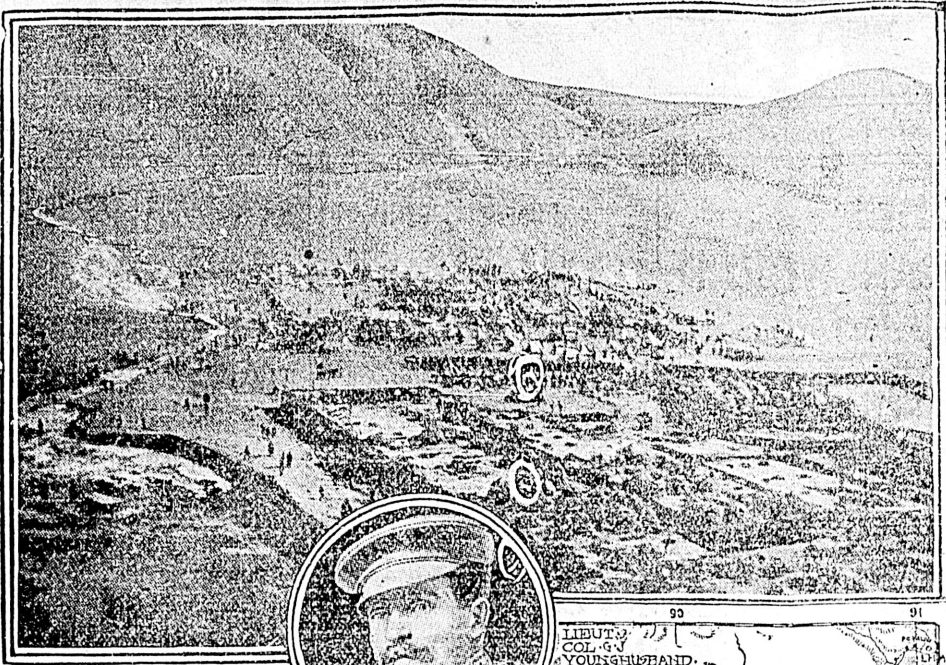
MISSISSIPPI IN FLOOD.

Memphis, April 9.—The Mississippi river this morning was 5.8 feet above danger line. It is still rising and the crest should reach this city by tonight. United States troops have received reports that the small protection levee in front of Luxaria, Arkansas gave way and the lower part of the town is being flooded. The main levee however, remains intact and the damage done is comparatively slight. The local situation is not at all alarming.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box, 25 cents.

## THE THIBETAN CAMPAIGN



GENERAL VIEW OF THE VILLAGE OF PHARU, CAMP OF THE BRITISH EXPEDITION, FIRST THE LING

## Fighting in West Africa

Encounter of Von Glasenapp's Column With Large Force Of Heroes.

Battle Raged For Over Three Hours and Enemy Retired.

Berlin, April 10.—Special despatches to the Lokal Anzeiger from a correspondent in German Southwest Africa describes the encounter of Major Von Glasenapp's column and a force of Heroes at Okesau on April 2nd, while the German column was on the way to Onyua.

The road traversed thorn thickets. Early in the morning the Heroes attempted to surround and cut off the rear guard of Major Von Glasenapp's force, consisting of Fischer's company, which was numerous and well armed. After a fight lasting three and a half hours the rear guard having been reinforced by Count Brockhoff's company and First Lieut. Maushold's artillery, the enemy were pushed for an hour, but escaped, leaving fifty-two of their number dead. In the meantime the head of the column, under Lieber, had a sharp fight, lasting an hour.

The German losses were: Lieut. Noer, four non-commissioned officers, and twenty-eight privates killed; Lieut. Hildebrand, four non-commissioned officers and eleven men wounded. The artillery action was brilliant. The Germans suffered from want of service about horses, having only twenty animals capable of scouting. The enemy withdrew in a northerly direction.

Major Von Glasenapp marched on April 2nd on Okikua, intending to make an attack. An official account of the engagement with the Heroes says that the enemy's dead were counted.

Lieut. Wein, governor of German Southwest Africa, announces that the German main force left Okesau on April 7 for Otosau.

RESISTING ADVANCE. London, April 9.—The British punitive expedition operating against the Okopoto natives in Nigeria (British West Africa), lost four men killed and forty-eight wounded in the fighting recently, when the Okopoto fought their way into the midst of a British square. The Okopoto continue determined to resist the advance of the expedition.

## LATEST MOVE OF HARRIMAN SCHEME

J. J. Hill on Position of the Northern Securities Company.

St. Paul, Minn., April 9.—James J. Hill, president of the Northern Securities Company, returned to St. Paul from New York today. When asked regarding the latest move of the Harriman interests in filing a petition for leave to intervene in the final adjustment of the affairs of the Northern Securities Company, Mr. Hill said: "The Northern Securities Company is complying with the decree of the Supreme court in the distribution of its stock. Its plan of dissolution is made for the sole purpose of meeting the demands of the law, and by so doing every one interested is treated with equity."

"In case Mr. Harriman is successful in his efforts to get control of the Northern Pacific, what will be the policy of the Great Northern?" he was asked. "If Mr. Harriman wins," he said, "and also gets control of the Burlington, there will be nothing left for us to do but sell out and retire and leave the people of the Northwest to fight out their own battle."

NO OPIUM IN CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

There is not the least danger in giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to small children as it contains no opium or other harmful drug. It has an established reputation of more than thirty years as the most successful medicine in use for colds, croup and whooping cough. It always cures and is pleasant to take. Children like it. For sale by all druggists.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is better than other soap powders, as it also acts as a disinfectant.

THE MAIL ROBBERY.

Winnipeg, April 9.—In connection with the arrest of Lawyer Bangs at Calgary for complicity in the mail robbery, Thomas Behan, a horse dealer there, and Jerry Boyce, hotel keeper at Gleichen, were also taken into custody. Dominion Detective Chamberlain and T. K. Ahern, of the Pinkerton agency at Seattle, are in Calgary.

## HUNTING PARTY ANNOYS MOURNERS

Extraordinary Incident During Progress of a Funeral Procession.

Fred Caselton, manager of the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co., and Mr. Hinkson Siddall called at the Colonist office yesterday afternoon and requested that publicity be given to the fact that a most annoying and what they termed "disgraceful" incident occurred during the progress of the funeral procession at the interment of the remains of the late Frederick Carne, sr., yesterday afternoon.

They said that as the procession was winding its way along Richardson street a group of people on horseback, led by a man vigorously blowing a huntsman's horn, dashed through the procession like mad, causing much fear and trembling as to the result and coming within an ace of causing a serious accident.

Consternation reigned, and this was increased when the riders doubled in their tracks and again broke through the procession of mourners. The drivers of numerous horses in the cortege had great difficulty in restraining their animals and that no one was killed is considered miraculous.

This was not all. Further along on Cook street the hunting party again interrupted the procession and the indignation of the mourners was intense. "After twenty-seven years in conducting funerals," said Mr. Caselton, "the incident this afternoon is the most disgraceful thing I can remember."

## DECLINE TO CHANGE EXHIBITION DATE

Civic Delegates Unsuccessful In Mission to The Royal City.

Westminster, April 9.—There was a fairly good muster of the members of the Royal Agricultural Society this evening attending the special meeting of the directors called to hear and discuss personal application of representatives of Victoria and Chilliwack for a change in the dates of the exhibition here next fall.

Mayor Barnard, with Ald. Fell, Ald. Stewart and A. L. Beckwith, voiced the request of the Victoria association. Rev. Paisley appeared on behalf of Chilliwack. The chair was occupied by the president of the society, Mr. D. J. Trump, with Vice-Presidents W. H. Ladner and A. C. Wells in the vice chairs.

There was a general discussion after hearing the various reasons advanced by the advocates of the change in dates, which principally hinged on weather probabilities for September and October, and there was a general and emphatic firmness on the subject of the necessity on behalf of the interests of the Mainland society that the dates should not be changed. A resolution confirming the dates fixed at the annual meeting of the society, and that the dates should be not changed, was put to the meeting and was carried by a large majority of the votes of those present, in fact, there was only one voice in favor of a change, and that was from Chilliwack.

President Trump thanked the mayor and afterwards from the chair for their visit, and the meeting adjourned just in time to allow the visitors to catch the 10 p.m. train for Vancouver.

Hoyt—Yes, Lottie is a dear creature, and she's a beauty, too; she got her mother's eyes, you know. Whitey I see; she's that's the reason the old lady can't see you are really courting the girl.—Boston Transcript.

Mr. Chagwater—What are you coughing and sneezing about, Mrs. Chagwater (daisy with the morning paper)—I am not coughing and sneezing. I am trying to read this despatch from Port Arthur.—Chicago Tribune.

The catching of snakes and the collecting of their venom, which fetches \$5 per grain, is an new industry in Australia.

## WORKING WITH THE WIRELESS

U. S. Officials Report Result of Operations in Local Waters.

A test of the wireless telegraphic system installed on Puget Sound by the Pacific Wireless Telegraph Company was made this week under the direct supervision of Collector of Customs C. W. Ide, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer of yesterday. The test was reasonably satisfactory to the Federal officials.

The revenue cutter Grant, equipped with wireless telegraph appliances, cruised for four days among the islands of Puget Sound, and only twice lost communication with other Friday Harbor or Port Townsend or Friday Harbor.

Inside Victoria harbor the instruments of the cutter could not raise Friday Harbor, but off Clover point no difficulty was experienced in renewing communication. The cutter Grant, lying behind the mountains on Orcas Island, found the highlands interfered with the wireless stations. Intervening land is believed to have been responsible for the fact that the cutter could not communicate from Seattle harbor with either Port Townsend or Friday Harbor.

The test demonstrated the fact that the wireless system would permit the collector of customs to be in almost constant communication with the revenue cutter fleet, no matter where the vessels might be. "I really got more news aboard the Grant than I would have had from Port Townsend," said Collector Ide yesterday. "I heard of events occurring in Seattle and elsewhere on the Sound regularly, and I could have been in communication hourly with my wife at Port Townsend," he added.

Collector Ide went on to the Grant to investigate the efficiency of the wireless telegraph system. Accompanying him on the revenue cutter was Col. E. Pope Johnson, special agent of the treasury.

The cutter came into Seattle after her cruise to permit Collector Ide to land. Mr. Ide intends to meet here Arthur Cooley, a member of the civil service commission, who is coming West to investigate conditions on the Coast. We left Port Townsend Tuesday on the cutter Grant," said Collector Ide yesterday, telling of his trip. Continuing he said:

We worked with the Port Townsend wireless station down through Discovery Bay and into Dungeness, where we picked up Friday Harbor. A heavy gale was blowing but all the way into Port Angeles we remained in communication with Friday Harbor. We lay Tuesday night in Port Anacortes, where we were constantly in communication with Friday Harbor, but after the cutter Grant entered Victoria harbor we could not raise the other station. We stayed Friday night in heavy gale, blowing inland. The mountains on Orcas Island prevented successful communication. Coming back from Blaine we picked up Friday Harbor again off Waldron Island, and continued always in communication, toward Anacortes through the mass of islands and intricate passages we had to navigate. The cutter Grant left Anacortes Friday morning and ran towards Seattle. We were in communication with Port Townsend and Friday Harbor through Deception Pass and Saratoga Pass and all the way until we reached a point off Ballard, where we lost them.

## CALIFORNIA.

The Land of Perpetual Sunshine, Fruit and Flowers, Where Winter Rains and Cloudy Skies are Unknown.

\$85.20, Victoria to Los Angeles and return, A.T.E. BEAUTIFUL SHASTA ROUTE. A trip via Portland on Southern Pacific trains through the fertile Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, past Grand Old Mt. Shasta, through the Sacramento Valley to the orchards and vineyards of Southern California, is one never to be forgotten. Beautifully illustrated pamphlets sent on application to W. E. COMAN, G. P. A., So. Pac. Co., Portland, Ore.

## Oddfellows at Festive Board

Pleasant Gathering Last Evening of Brethren of the Three Links.

Large Delegation From Duncans Are Guests of the Evening.

There was a large gathering of the brethren of the three links at I. O. O. F. hall last evening. The delegation from Duncans, to the number of about thirty arrived by the B. & N. railway shortly after 7 o'clock, bringing with them a candidate for initiation and an initiatory member for the three degrees. As a candidate can only be initiated in his own lodge, by despatching a delegate to the grand master, Duncan Lodge held a special meeting for the initiation of their candidate, the chairs being occupied by E. Casley, N. G., and W. Hooper, V. G. After the ceremony of opening, a mixed team from the city lodge took the chairs, with Jas. Wilby (captain) as N. G., T. W. Hawkins (No. 4), as V. G., and W. H. Huxtable (No. 1), as P. G., an initiatory candidate in route style. The degree team of Dominion Lodge, under the captaincy of A. Sheret, with H. Sansom as N. G., and A. J. Mallett as V. G., then conferred the first degree in a very creditable manner. The second degree was conferred by Victoria Lodge's team, with T. C. Hubbard as captain, J. D. Matheson as N. G., and W. Dinsmore as V. G. The work being executed with that care of detail for which No. 1 is famous, the third and last was reserved for Columbia Lodge, the team being charged of James Wilby, and was perhaps more of a surprise to the country members than either of the other degrees, a round of applause greeting the team at the close. It was just on the stroke of midnight when adjournment took place, and in a very short time tables were brought into the hall and spread with a variety of good things, to which upwards of a hundred members of the order sat down, the chair being occupied by Jas. Wilby, D. D. G. M. After all had refreshed themselves, a few short speeches of mutual congratulation and thanks were made, and the hour being so late, the proceedings were speedily brought to a close by the audience standing and singing the national anthem and "Auld Lang Syne." The ladies, who were present, showed the interest taken in the work of the order, and the occasions was one that will long be remembered in I. O. O. F. circles.

SOUTH AFRICAN MANAGER ANTI-USER-BUSCH BREWING ASSN., CURED OF A SEVERE COLIC BY CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

"During my trip in the Transvaal I contracted a heavy cold. I am pleased to state that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gave me prompt relief and after continuing its use for a few days was entirely rid of the distressing indisposition," says Mr. Albert E. Shans, manager of the Busch Brewing association, Cape Town, Africa. This remedy has a world-wide reputation for its cures of colds and can always be depended upon. For sale by all druggists.

The Westside is a revelation these days, and is literally glittering in every direction with new novelties, which come upon specially imported for this season and in a more elaborate scale than ever before. Ladies in search of all that is new and fashionable should certainly visit this popular store, and revel in the beauty of the new importations taken at the markets of the world.

NEWS TOO GOOD TO KEEP.

Persons who have used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are usually so well pleased with the benefits derived that they tell the world to take heed. These pills are a medicine which so promptly awakens the action of the liver, invigorates the kidneys and regulates the bowels as Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for this reason they are unapproachable as a family medicine. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers.

INVERNESS AT PORTLAND.

A strong northwest gale made the passage of the British steamer Inverness a rough one, coming down the Coast from Esquimalt to the Columbia river. Otherwise there were no incidents in the brief run, says the Oregonian. The vessel is the Eastern Line lumber mill, where she will take on about 1,800,000 feet of lumber for Manila. She is under charter to the government and besides the lumber will also carry 2000 tons of oats. Only enough lumber will be taken at the mill to provide lining for the ship, after which she will move over to Montgomery dock, No. 2, later returning to the Eastern mill to complete her cargo.

The Inverness is well known in this harbor, as she was here in the summer of 1900, taking out a lumber cargo. She is commanded by Captain J. Prout, who is accompanied on his travels by his wife. It is understood that Captain Prout will leave the steamer here to take a position ashore for his company in England, and that First Officer Happer will succeed him as master of the vessel.

The British ship Homotom, which is now at Vancouver, B. C., has been chartered by Balfour, Guthrie & Company, and will take the wheat at Tacoma for European ports.

Captain Charles C. Law has accepted a position as first mate on the steamer Garonne, which will be in the Nome trade this summer.

"Better keep away from that jayhawker," cautioned the first bunch steerer. "What for?" demanded the other. "I worked that other fellow last month." "Well, what man has done, man can do."—Philadelphia Press.

Mr. Short—Can I believe it—you really marry me? Miss Tall—Yes, I always make my own dresses, and, as we are both the same height, you will come real handy when I am cutting and fitting.—New York Weekly.

I claim that my wife is the worst trouble-borrower on earth. She is worrying now for fear the hat she has ordered for Easter may not be becoming. "That's nothing. My wife is worrying because we may be boarding at some place next summer where we'll have a folding bed that she can't get under during winter storms."—Chicago Record Herald.

BORN.

McNEILL—On 7th April to the wife of J. A. McNeill, a son.

DIED.

DWYER—At the family residence, No. 40 Pandora avenue, on the 8th instant, Joseph Dwyer, aged 90 years, and a native of Tipperary, Ireland.

The funeral will take place from above residence, on Monday at 9 a. m., and later from the Roman Catholic Cathedral. Friends please accept this intimation.

GRANITE and MARBLE WORKS

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first class stock and workmanship.

A. STEWART

Cor. Yates and Blanchard Sts.

Cor. Yates and Blanchard Sts.



## ABOUT OUR NEW Shirt Waists!

THOSE who know and are in a position to judge say that even the best New York stores cannot equal our showing of White Muslin and Silk Waists. Our stock is an up-to-date showing of sensible, fashionable waists with a charm of style, a richness of finish, and a perfection of fit that women of good taste admire and appreciate.

Our Special \$1.25 White Muslin Waists

Ladies' White Organdie Shirt Waist, trimmed with three rows of extra wide openwork Swiss insertion down front, finished with neat wide pleats back and front, all sizes.

Special Monday.....\$1.25

Our Illustrated \$1.75 Special

Ladies' Handsome White Organdie Waist, is trimmed with White Churn Lace Insertion down front, neat pleating and tucking on shoulders, sleeves and back, in fact exactly as per illustration.

Special Monday.....\$1.75

Other Prices from \$2.50 to \$10

Our \$1.75 Special

New Styles in Children's Dresses

A wider assortment, or a more attractive display of Children's Dresses than we have would be hard to find outside this store, and what is more important, the prices are entirely free from extravagance.

Children's White Dresses

Children's New White Muslin Dresses, with large square collar and cuffs, trimmed with Swiss Embroidery and clusters of tucks; skirt finished with neat tucking; ages 1 to 4 years.

Special Monday.....\$1.50

White French Dresses

Dainty White Muslin Dresses, cut in the French style, trimmed with extra fine Valenciennes Lace insertion back and front, finished with pretty silk baby ribbon, sizes 1 to 7 years.

Special Monday.....\$3.25

Boys' Lincn Russian Coats.....Monday \$2.00

White Muslin Dresses

Children's White Muslin Dresses, with deep openwork Swiss Embroidered collar, dounce and cuffs, trimmed with fine embroidery; sizes 1 to 6 years.

Special Monday.....\$1.75

Children's White Dresses

Ages 6 months to 4 years. Children's Extra Fine White Muslin Dresses, richly trimmed yoke and skirt of fine openwork insertion, finished with hemstitched tucking and Valenciennes Lace.

Special Monday.....\$2.25

Children's White Pique Reefers.....Monday \$1.25

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd., - - Victoria, B.C.

Imperial Silver Cheese Holders

EVERY JAR OF

MacLaren's Imperial

—AND—

MacLaren's Roquefort

contains a coupon offering the following valuable premiums on the basis given below:

Our Offer

Imperial Cheese Knife.....	4	coupons and \$ .20
Imperial Individual Holder.....	4	coupons and \$ .50
Imperial Small Holder.....	4	coupons and \$ .85
Imperial Medium Holder.....	4	coupons and \$ 1.00
Imperial Large Holder.....	4	coupons and \$ 1.25
Roquefort Cheese Holder, small.....	4	coupons and \$ .05
Roquefort Cheese Holder, large.....	4	coupons and \$ .85

which is about one-third actual value of the ware.

Our Guarantee

If the ware is not perfectly satisfactory when you receive it, please return it and we will refund your money.

No charge for mailing knife or holder when you address the coupons and the cash (or stamps) to

A. E. MACLAREN IMPERIAL CHEESE CO.

51 Colborne St., Toronto, Ont.

(The coupon below if cut out and sent to us, will be accepted as four coupons)

(Write Plainly.)

Name.....

Street and No.....

Post Office.....

TO MY PATIENTS

NOTICE

I expect to leave here for the East about the 10th of May and expect to be away two months. During my absence my office will be closed.

DR. HARTMAN

For Sale!

CEDAR POSTS.

Seven feet in length, large size, at nine cents each, delivered to any address in city, or four cents in woods. Address H. T. Oldfield, Box 406. 1,000 posts may be seen at Bart's Coal and Wood Yards, 51 Pandora street.

Applications, accompanied by references, etc., will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 11th inst. at 3 p. m., for the position of Poundkeeper. The successful applicant will be expected to provide his own horse and saddle, and assume the duties connected with the position on Wednesday, the 14th inst. Salary at the rate of \$50.00 per month.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,

City Clerk's Office,

Victoria, B. C., April 9th, 1904.

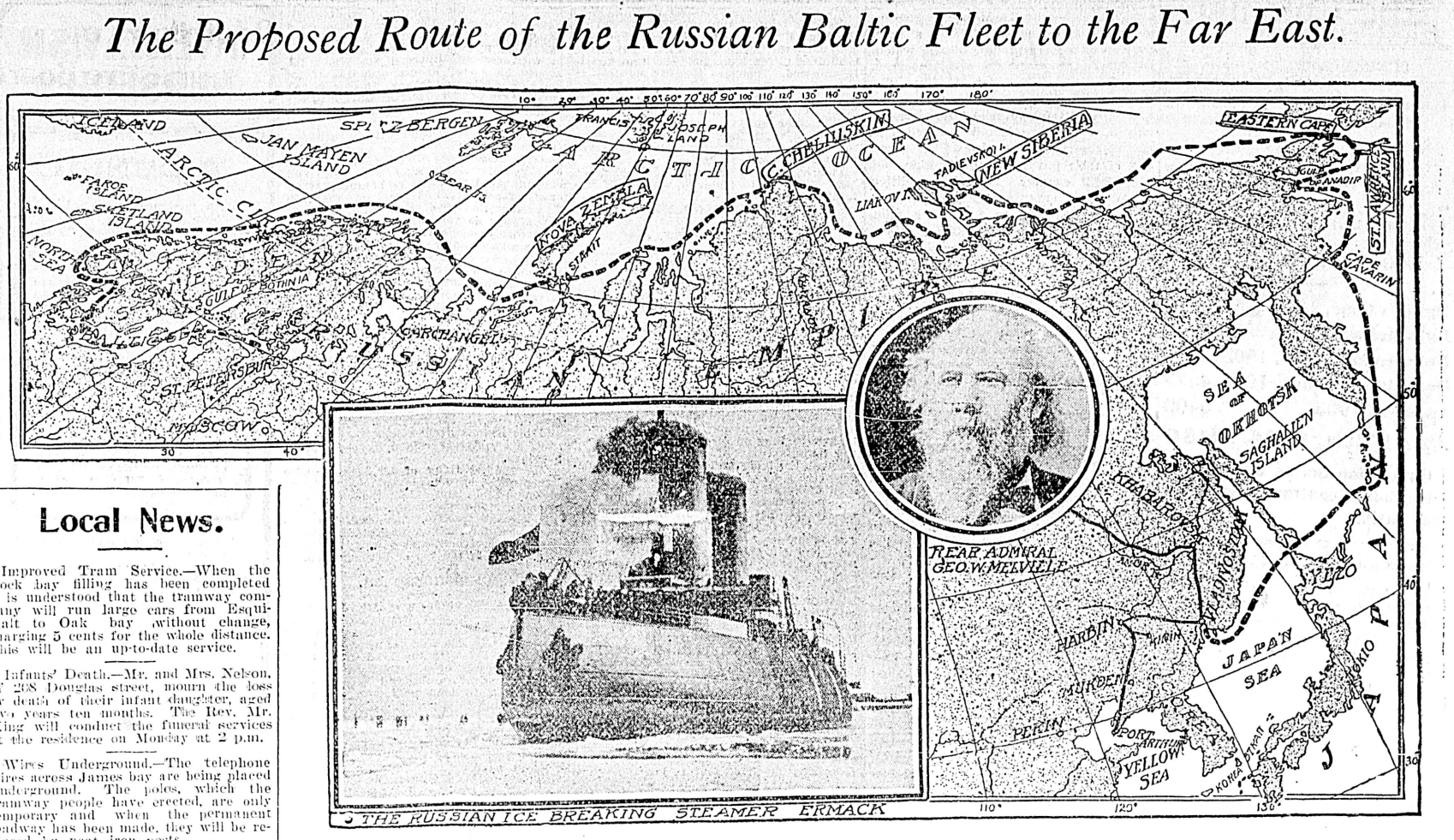
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., April 9th, 1904.

CITY CHURCHES

**CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.**  
Services—Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; morning service and litany, 11 a.m.; evening service, 7 p.m. Preachers—Morning, The Lord Bishop; evening, Rev. W. Daugh. The music set for the day follows:  
The music set for the day follows:  
Voluntary—Berceuse . . . . . Spilney  
Venite . . . . . Cathedral Psalter  
Psalms for tenth morning . . . . . Farrar  
Te Deum . . . . . Cathedral Psalter  
Jubilate . . . . . Oakley  
Litanies . . . . . Troutbeck  
Hymns—140, 184, 232 . . . . . Viviani  
Voluntary—Silver Trumpets . . . . . Viviani  
Evening.  
Voluntary—Elevation in A . . . . . Batiste  
Processional Hymn—131 . . . . . Farrar  
Psalms for tenth evening . . . . . Farrar  
Magnificat . . . . . Cathedral Psalter  
Nunc Dimittis . . . . . Spilney  
Anthem—"I Am He That Liveth" . . . . . Spilney  
Treble solo, Master A. Rausch; bass solo, Mr. H. Moxon.  
Hymns—137, 199 . . . . . Middleton  
Vesper Hymn—137 . . . . . Sullivan  
Voluntary—Triumphal March . . . . . Sullivan  
ST. JAMES.  
Morning.  
Holy Communion at 8 a.m.; matins, litany and sermon at 11 a.m.; evening service at 7 p.m.  
The following is the music:  
Organ Voluntary . . . . . Spilney  
Venite and Psalms . . . . . Cathedral Psalter  
Te Deum—1st setting . . . . . Cathedral Psalter  
Hymns—137, 140, 199 . . . . . Troutbeck  
Organ Voluntary . . . . . Spilney  
Evening.  
Organ—Voluntary . . . . . Spilney  
Psalms . . . . . Cathedral Psalter  
Magnificat . . . . . Barnby  
Nunc Dimittis . . . . . St. John  
Hymns—136, 141, 125 . . . . . St. John  
Organ Voluntary . . . . . Spilney  
ST. BARNABAS.  
Holy Eucharist, 8 a.m.; matins and litany, 11 a.m.; hymns, 457, 129, 140. Sermon subject, "The Appearance on the First Easter Day."  
Evening, 7 p.m.  
Voluntary—"Offertoire" . . . . . Spilney  
Magnificat . . . . . Cathedral Psalter  
Te Deum . . . . . Dykes  
Benedictus . . . . . Stainer  
Jubilate . . . . . Stainer  
Anthem—"I Am Alpha and Omega" . . . . . Stainer  
Kyrie . . . . . Stainer  
Hymn—218 . . . . . Stainer  
Hymn—220 . . . . . Stainer  
Evening Service.  
Psalms as set . . . . . Cathedral Psalter  
Nunc Dimittis (3) . . . . . Stainer  
Hymns—209, 234, 224, 215 . . . . . Stainer  
FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.  
Service will be held at the usual hours, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School and bible class at 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evenings at 8 p.m. All are

cordially invited to these services.  
Musical selections as follows:  
Hymns—1, 300, 122, 320 . . . . . W. F. Sudds  
Anthem—"Sweet the Moments" . . . . . W. F. Sudds  
Evening.  
Hymns—70, 302, 377, 557 . . . . . C. H. Gabriel  
Duet—"The Lord Arose" . . . . . C. H. Gabriel  
Mrs. Gregson and Mrs. Maynard.  
Anthem—"Vesper Hymn" . . . . . W. F. Sudds  
ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN.  
Morning and evening, Rev. W. Leslie Clay will preach. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School, 2.30; Bible class, 3 p.m.  
CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.  
The usual services will be held at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The preacher for the day will be Rev. George Deans. Sunday School and Bible class at 2.30 p.m. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets at 8.15 p.m., after the evening service.  
METROPOLITAN (METHODIST).  
Rev. R. Hughes, of Nanaimo, will preach both morning and evening. Sunday School and Bible class at 2.30 p.m.  
CENTENNIAL METHODIST.  
The pastor, Rev. J. P. Westman, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Evening subject, "Nothing Too Good for Man." The address will be followed by a reception service. Suitable music will be furnished by the choir. Sunday School and Bible class at 2.30 p.m.  
VICTORIA WEST METHODIST.  
The pastor, Rev. S. S. Osterhout, Ph. D., will preach both morning and evening. The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered after the evening service. Sabbath School at 2.30 p.m. Strangers always welcome.  
CALVARY BAPTIST.  
Morning service at 11 o'clock. Pastor's theme, "My God Will Hear Me." Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. Evening service at 7 o'clock. Pastor's theme, "The Open Vision."  
EMMANUEL BAPTIST.  
The new pastor, Rev. E. Le Roy Dakin, B. A., will occupy the pulpit morning and evening.  
Y. M. C. A.  
Prayer meeting at 9.30 a.m. Men's meeting at 4 p.m.; short gospel address; good music; solo by Mr. C. F. Forrester.  
PSYCHIC RESEARCH.  
The Psychic Research Society will hold a spiritual meeting in the Knight's of Pythias hall, corner Pandora and Douglas streets on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Spiritual readings toward the close. All are cordially invited to attend.  
CHRISTADELPHIANS.  
Room 1, upstairs, A.O.U.W. hall. Sunday, April 10, 7 p.m. Subject, "Gospel of the First Century vs. Gospel of the Twentieth Century." Seats free. No collection.  
EVENING LECTURE.  
R. H. Fueshew will speak in the A.O.U.W. hall on Sunday evening at 7.45. Subject, "The Right Use of Riches." Admission free. Good singing.  
ONE IN FOUR PERSONS.  
One person in every four suffers more or less from itching piles. Some do not know the nature of their ailment, and others have not heard of Dr. Chase's Ointment as the only absolute and guaranteed cure for this distressing disease. If you are a sufferer ask your neighbors about this great preparation. It has given popular as a result of the news of its merits being passed.  
Albums for holding souvenir post cards at Hibbens.  
Easter Cards, Victoria Book & Stationery Co., Ltd.



Local News.

**Improved Tram Service.**—When the Rock bay filling has been completed it is understood that the tramway company will run large cars from Esquimalt to Oak bay without change, charging 5 cents for the whole distance. This will be an up-to-date service.  
**Infants' Death.**—Mr. and Mrs. Nelson, of 208 Douglas street, mourn the loss by death of their infant daughter, aged two years ten months. The Rev. Mr. King will conduct the funeral services at the residence on Monday at 2 p.m.  
**Wires Underground.**—The telephone wires across James bay are being placed underground. The poles, which the tramway people have erected, are only temporary and when the permanent roadway has been made, they will be replaced by neat iron posts.  
**Sergeants' Social.**—The secretary of the sergeants' mess, Fifth Regiment, is in receipt of an invitation for its members and lady friends to be present at a social given by the warrant officers of the Staff Sergeants and Sergeants' Club at the Fives court, Work Point barracks, on Wednesday evening next, April 13th, at 8 o'clock.  
**Again in Operation.**—The Victoria crematory is again in operation in the new building erected by Contractor Dinsdale. It is the same size as formerly, but is now built of brick with double walls in the main part of the building to keep the place cool. The plans were prepared and the work superintended by Mr. Keith.  
**The Building Boom.**—Contractors, builders and architects are agreed that the present season will prove one of the most active in recent years in the building line. It was reported yesterday that negotiations are in progress, which if successful will result in the erection of a brick building on the corner of Yates and Douglas street, opposite the Clarence hotel. Lots on Belleville street are being bought up for both business and residential purposes. Mr. Atkinson, who has a number of drug stores in the upper country, has secured one on which he will erect an up-to-date drug store and dental parlors. Walter Michaels is putting in a stone foundation for a house on Elliott street. It will be a storey and a half building with

six rooms. Mr. Michaels has lately arrived from Regina. A two-story house is being built for F. Napier Denison near the east end of Superior street, Douglas estate.  
**Aldermen on Jaunt.**—Mayor Barnard and Aldermen Stewart, Bell and Rockwith, of Victoria, came over yesterday morning on a tour of inspection of public works, says the Vancouver News-Advertiser. They were accompanied by City Engineer Topp and the mayor's private secretary, Mr. H. H. Swinerton. They were very cordially received at the City hall by Mayor McGowan and the aldermen, who had assembled there with the intention of considering the estimates. Afterwards they were driven round to the different public works, and shown over them by Assistant City Engineer Kimer and Aldermen Stewart, Cook, Hedson and other members of the city council. Special attention was paid to the septic tanks, as Victoria contemplates the installation of a similar system.  
**Counterfeit Dimes.**—A counterfeit 10-cent piece has been added to the list of spurious coins which have been shipped into this country from China, and although but a few have been discovered in this city as yet, it is probable that there are many in circulation, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer. The coin, which was unearthed by Capt. B. W. Bell, of the United States secret service, is one of the best counterfeits ever

made. The only difference which can be distinguished between it and a genuine dime is that in the bad coin the lettering is a trifle dimmer than on the money of Uncle Sam's mint, and that the coin is dished somewhat, as if the die had struck it too heavily. As far as the actual value of the counterfeit in metal is concerned, it contains practically the same weight of silver as good money. The average layman, if he was not familiar with the defects of the coin, nine times out of ten would swear that it was all right.  
**Mrs. Campbell.** of 161 Fort street, has opened a thoroughly equipped and is prepared to do all kinds of work in this line as well as dermatology, massage, shampooing, manicuring, electrolysis and hydro-vacu treatment. Superfluous hair removed by absorption. Ladies treated at their own homes if desired. For Ladies and Children only.  
**Council of Women.**—The regular monthly meeting of the local Council of Women will be held at the city hall tomorrow afternoon at 2.30. A full attendance of members is requested.  
**Husband.**—In doing your shopping, my dear, why don't you get all the necessary things first? Wife—Oh! Somehow they seem so unimportant.—Detroit Free Press.

**GOOD FOR BOUNDARY.**  
James Breen Outlines for New Smelter Plant.  
"The Dominion Copper Company has named a price for which it will sell its properties in the Boundary district of British Columbia to the Montreal & Boston Consolidated smelter," says James Breen of the Dominion company.  
"Reports, however, of consolidation of the two properties are erroneous. If the Montreal & Boston Consolidated company can raise the money to buy the Dominion group, all well and good. But we are not ready to take shares in the new company in payment.  
"The Dominion Copper Company is controlled by Mackenzie & Mann, Senator George Cox and myself. We have about seven-eighths of the shares.  
"We think we have about as good a grade of ore as there is in the Boundary district. In 1901 we planned to build a smelter, but we dropped that idea, for I did not believe that the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern railway would build then into Phoenix camp. Without a rival line we should be at the mercy of the Canadian Pacific, and I did not care to take any chances of building a smelter on such a basis. The test of time has proven that I was right in doubting that the Hill roads would be constructed then into Phoenix. It is not built yet, though right of way has been purchased. The Hill road purchased right of way near Phoenix for us for \$25,000 last fall. In case the road

is constructed the Dominion company plans to build a smelter next year. It would have an initial capacity of 500 tons a day.  
"There is no truth to the report that I was considering a plan to take the management of the Montreal & Boston Consolidated smelter at Boundary Falls, B.C. I am not in any way connected with that project.  
"Steel was laid on the Canadian Pacific's spur to the Dominion group, with the view of shipping about 10,000 tons of ore on the dump. However, if the smelter is built, we may decide not to ship, but to treat the dump ourselves."  
Miss Skeen—Where did you graduate from, Mr. Gill? Mr. Gill—From the School of Pharmacy. Miss Skeen (with surprise)—Is it possible? What a strange choice for a young man brought up in the city! But if I remember rightly, your grandfather was a farmer, too.—Ram's Horn.  
In the public schools of Boston recent examinations of the pupils show that almost without exception the eyes upon entering school are quite normal. In the higher grades twenty-five per cent are found to be myopic, and in the colleges nearly three-fourths are said to be so afflicted. If, as these investigations prove conclusively, nearsightedness increases steadily from the primary school upwards, it would seem high time that more attention was paid to the proper lighting of school rooms.

# BUSINESS CHANGE SALE!!

## AGREEMENT

Made this Fifth day of March, 1904, between the SEMI-READY CLOTHING COMPANY, LIMITED, (hereinafter called "the Company," of the first part, and B. WILLIAMS & CO., of the City of Victoria, in the County of Vancouver Island, in the Province of British Columbia, hereinafter called "the Purchasers," of the second part.

The Company this day grants to the Purchasers the sole and exclusive right to sell at retail only branded "Semi-ready" Clothing made by the Company; in the Town or City of Victoria for the period of time and subject to the conditions hereinafter set out.

The Company binds itself, so long as this contract remains in force, not to sell to any other dealer in the Town or City of Victoria, either at wholesale or retail, or under any subterfuge whatever, any garments bearing the Company's "Semi-ready" brand or name, and to protect the Purchasers against price-cutting on said "Semi-ready" Clothing by every means in its power.

The Company also agrees to advertise the said goods extensively by means of newspapers, catalogues, pamphlets, or such other methods as may seem in its discretion to be most effective over the name of the Purchasers as the sole dealer having the right to sell them, and to expend at least five per cent of the amount purchased in advertisements.

The Purchasers agree to sell "Semi-ready" Clothing made by the Company only, and at retail only in the Town or City only of Victoria, and at prices fixed by the Company, and at no other price without the written consent of the Company, and then only when every trade-mark, brand or means of identification has been removed or effaced.

The Purchasers agree not to represent any garment from which the Company's brand or trade-mark has been removed, nor any other garment not bearing said trade-mark, brand or name, as a "Semi-ready" garment, made by the Company, being aware that such action would cause serious damage to the Company.

The Purchasers agree to purchase from the Company a first order to be approved and selected by him of "Semi-ready" Clothing amounting to not less than \$5,000.00, and a further order if this agreement continues as like of at least \$5,000.00 within the first year, \$12,000.00 the second year, and \$15,000.00 the third and succeeding years, during the life of the agreement.

The Purchasers agree to give six months' notice in writing, prior to the date when this contract expires, if they desire to renew it. If this contract is not renewed, or if it is terminated by effluxion of time, by notice given by either party, or otherwise, then the stock of "Semi-ready" Clothing as they may have on hand when the contract has come to an end, back to the Company, at a valuation not to exceed the price they paid for it.

If the parties hereto are unable to agree on a valuation, the Purchasers now bind themselves that they will forthwith, after this contract has been terminated, efface and remove from the stock of "Semi-ready" Clothing, and from all cartons, etc., they may have on hand when the contract has been terminated, all trade-marks, prices, names or other means of identification; and that they will not sell, expose or offer for sale, such stock of "Semi-ready" Clothing, or any portion of it, as they may have on hand when this contract has been terminated, without first removing therefrom, and from all cartons containing same, all trade-marks, names, prices, or other means of identification, and even after such means of identification have been removed, they will sell them only as ordinary clothing without using the name "Semi-ready" or of the Company in conjunction therewith.

The Purchasers agree to furnish the Company semi-annually from the date hereof a full statement of all their assets and liabilities.

This contract is made for a term of ten years from July 1st, 1904, but may be terminated at any time by either party giving to the other six months' notice in writing.

If the membership of the present firm be changed during the term of this contract, by the retirement of any member, or the addition of any new member, or should they form a company to carry on their business, the Purchasers undertake that such partnership, new firm or company shall assume this contract and comply with and carry out same.

The Purchasers agree to sell "Semi-ready" Clothing only made and supplied to them by the Company so long as this contract or any extension thereof remains in force.

The Purchasers covenant and agree with the Company that they will not sell their stock of "Semi-ready" Clothing en bloc, or in any other manner except at retail, without at first obtaining the consent of the Company in writing, and in case they sell out their business while this contract is in force they undertake that the purchaser from them will, in writing, assume this contract and observe and carry out the terms and conditions hereof. The Company, however, shall not be bound to accept such purchaser in their place or stead.

It is agreed and understood that a breach of any of the above conditions, covenants or agreements by the Purchasers shall release the Company from all responsibility hereunder, and leave it free to appoint a new agency and to enforce observance and performance of the above covenants and agreements.

This contract shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns of each of the parties hereto.

The Company will not cancel this contract providing the Purchasers live to the conditions herein contained.

Dated this Fifth day of March, A. D. 1904.

Dating Spring Orders nett thirty days, 1st April. Dating Fall Orders nett thirty days, 1st October. Assorting nett sixty days 10th to 15th following date of shipment.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., per pro, W. T. WILLEMS.  
SEMI-READY CLOTHING CO., LTD., per H. A. BEATTY, manager.  
A. E. MACNAUGHTON, witness.

## FIFTEEN HUNDRED

Business Suits, Summer Suits; Flannel Suits, Beach Suits, all Reduced

## One-Fifth for Cash!

STOCK NOW COMPLETE.

## BUY NOW

and secure the pick of this fine stock at a DISCOUNT OF 20 PER CENT.

## All Goods Marked in Plain Figures

# SUITS, RAINCOATS, OVERCOATS AND PANTS, LEFT FROM LAST SEASON, HALF PRICE

# B. WILLIAMS & COMPANY

## The Colonist.

SUNDAY, APRIL 10, 1904.

The Colonist Printing &amp; Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.  
A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

## THE COLONIST CIRCULATION

## FIGURES TELL THE TALE

Daily Average, 1902 ..... 3552  
Daily Average, 1903 ..... 3695  
Daily Average, Mar., 1903-3581  
Daily Average, Mar., 1904-4375  
April 8th, 1903 ..... 3490  
April 8th, 1904-4150

Circulation books open to all.  
Advertising contracts made on this basis.

## UNDESIRABLE IMMIGRATION.

At last the British Parliament has found it necessary to take some step to restrict the undesirable immigration that is finding its way into the United Kingdom. It is not many years since the suggestion of such a method was denounced. It was held to be a refusal of that hospitality for which England had been celebrated for centuries. She was regarded as the asylum which the oppressed and the unfortunate might enter as easily and freely as the rich and prosperous. Then there was opposition to such a startling innovation, as the refusal of admittance into the country, a reluctance very similar to that which Mr. Chamberlain's proposals for fiscal reform are listened to. The country had become rich and prosperous while there was no barrier kept up against immigration of any kind or from any country. Why, then, should a change be made and Great Britain take a retrograde step and wall into line with those states in which every stranger is viewed with suspicion as a possible enemy in disguise or a conspirator against the national institutions? But at last British patience has become exhausted. The danger to the country which the influx of hordes of ignorant and poverty stricken immigrants from Eastern and Southern Europe may work, has begun to be realized, while the number of unemployed is maintained at a high figure because of these thousands of newcomers who every week appear as desperate competitors with the native-born workmen in the labor field.

It may be remembered that last August a royal commission, which had been appointed some months before to consider the effect of this immigration upon the interests of the population of the United Kingdom, issued a report which attracted considerable attention. In ordinary times it would undoubtedly have received much more notice. But the people of the United Kingdom can only follow one subject at a time and Mr. Chamberlain and reform of the country's fiscal system had the stage to the exclusion of every other matter. The general conclusion that the commissioners reached was that in recent years undesirable additions to the population had been introduced from abroad and that in the national interest some measure of restriction of that class of immigrants was necessary. The Government has apparently decided to act on the recommendation of the Commission. Last week a bill was introduced in the House of Commons which is framed on the lines recommended by the Commission. The legislation proposed seems to have been suggested to a considerable extent by that embodied in the statutes of the United States which deal with a similar subject. The Home Secretary, in introducing the bill, said that the Government had no intention of interfering with the immigration of foreigners generally, but that it was necessary to prevent the admission of a class of undesirable aliens who could not enter the United States, and whose presence in London particularly was becoming a serious menace to the maintenance of law and order. The criminal statistics show that crime, especially crimes of violence, is more frequent among those foreigners than among the native born. The foreigners also almost monopolize the neighborhoods in which they settle. Gradually the English tradesmen and small shopkeepers are driven out of business by foreign rivals, who are supported by their countrymen, so that whole streets become occupied exclusively by foreigners and one could almost suppose that it was in a quarter of some town in Eastern or Southeastern Europe. Sanitary regulations are also ignored by these people and there is nearly always disease of one kind or another found among them. The bill passed its first reading without a division and it will almost certainly become law. Not a few persons believe that in a year or two still more stringent and comprehensive measures in the same direction will be on the Statute Book.

## DUAL SUBSIDY EXPLOITATION.

The Conservative London (Ontario) Free Press and the Liberal Winnipeg Tribune denounce as one of the most vicious phases of the railway subsidy exploitation campaign that has been carried on for some years with signal success the system of dual subsidies aggregating more than the total cost of the railway that aided from the Dominion and provincial treasuries. Two examples are cited as illustrations of this abuse. One is the Crow's Nest Pass railway and the other the Rainy River railway. In the case of the Crow's Nest Pass railway the British Columbia legislature gave the company a grant of land, which included a large portion of the immensely valuable and extensive coal deposits, in themselves worth many times the whole cost of the line. To this magnificent grant the Dominion government added the handsome gift of \$11,000 per mile of railway constructed. But the Rainy River railway has surpassed all other lines in the good fortune it has brought to its owners from the public purse. It was subsidized by the Ontario government to the amount of \$4,000 a mile of railway; by the Dominion government to the amount of \$6,400 a mile, and then by the Manitoba government to the extent of \$20,000 a mile, by way of a guarantee of bonds, which, as far as the promoters are concerned, is equal in value to a cash subsidy. The railway did not cost more than from \$18,000 to \$20,000 a mile. So that not only have these promoters succeeded in getting the road built without the necessity of their putting up one dollar, but a grateful country has in addition made these enterprising gentlemen a present of \$10,000 to \$12,000 a mile, the difference between \$30,000 a mile—the aggregate of the three subsidies of aids—and the cost of the road. It is not surprising that the world is exhorted to admire the enterprise of these promoters in coming forward to build the lines. We are equally their admirers, but of the other line of enterprise which was displayed—that of securing three subsidies for one and the same stretch of road.

## These instances of extravagant subsidies, whereby huge fortunes are made at the expense of the taxpayers must sooner or later arouse public attention to the evils which such methods bring upon the country. There are doubtless railway enterprises into the carrying out of which capital cannot be induced to engage without some financial assistance from either the Dominion or a province. Or it may even be from both. But in no case should the aggregate of such aid exceed—or approach—the actual cost of the railway. Otherwise it would be much better for the Dominion or the province to build and own its own line, leasing it to some company or individual for operation. It is, indeed, difficult to understand how a legislative body, supposed to represent the people and to protect their interests, can be led to do such reckless things as the granting of these extravagant subsidies certainly is. If it enabled the railway to carry goods and passengers at a considerably lower rate than would otherwise be possible, there might be room for an argument. But this is not the case, or at least it is so much the exception as to prove the rule. A large proportion of these subsidies generally goes into the pockets of the promoters and financial firms, whose co-operation is necessary when additional bonds or an increase of the share capital are to be authorized as is often the case.

There has been a considerable change during the last few years in public opinion respecting the housing of railway subsidies. The careless manner in which subsidies were given at one time by the Provincial legislature, is not likely to be repeated. In many cases the donor of these subsidies—whether it be the Dominion or a province—will require some advantage in return for them or at least some security for the repayment of interest. It is in the interest of both the State and the Company that the enterprise shall be completed as soon as possible and at as low a cost. It implies that a moderate figure will represent the cost a mile. That makes both low freight and passenger rates possible at the same time that the company is able to pay a fair dividend. The moderate capital charges of a line in the stock of which there is little or no water, can scarcely fail to induce investors, while low rates stimulate traffic. But such extravagant rates of subsidy as these mentioned above should be condemned as inimical to the general interests.

The attention of the authorities is called to the incident mentioned in "Fairplay's" letter in another column. If the particulars are as therein stated, and we have every reason to believe that they are, a most glaring injustice is being done the Indians, and such a line of treatment of the aborigines is bound to result in trouble for all concerned sooner or later. If the law compels the finding and imprisonment for netting fish for food it is high time that the law was changed and the sooner it is done the better.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

## BIG FISH.

Sir,—In yesterday's issue you gave the weight of the largest salmon ever taken from the Cowichan river as a little over ten pounds. I would like to mention that on Saturday, April 2nd, Major Bland and Capt. Popham landed from the Cowichan river a spring salmon weighing twenty-two pounds, and two steel heads, one weighing twelve and ten pounds each. They also had a good basket of trout. I weighed the fish, so I know the figures are right.

Duncan's Station, B. C., April 9th, 1904.

## A PROTEST.

Sir,—The following announcement appears in the Victoria Times this evening in connection with a wrestling match to be held at the Victoria Theatre on Tuesday next:

"As a preliminary, a novel attraction has been arranged. Two ladies, Little Lady Hector and Miss de Vina, will wrestle. The latter undertakes to throw the former three times in 45 minutes."

Comment is needless, and it is to be hoped that as to degrading an exhibition is carried out with respect for womanhood will be present. My object in this writing is to know whether it can be stopped. The license for the theatre cannot surely be intended to allow such a revolting spectacle. Savage fights between men are bad enough, but this is unspeakably worse. No one objects to wrestling or boxing, but it is in no way advances athletics to gather a crowd to witness a wrestling match, even a football or basketball match, when the real interest is the fact that a large proportion of the spectators have a bet upon the result.

W. W. COLUMBIA.

Bishopsclose, April 9th, 1904.

## EDUCATIONAL MATTERS.

Sir,—Mr. Sorby's letter concerning educational matters should have some effect in causing a school representative to be elected to the Education Board. It seems that not only are we saddled with a costly system of government charity schools, preposterously misapplied to a well-to-do community, such as, the public cost of the teaching of our children can well afford to pay part if not the whole expense of their children's education, but the burden is made heavier than it need be by those children being kept at school to an unreasonable age. Many cases, illegal age. The whole system is sufficiently unjust, but such an abuse of it is intolerable. I say then let us who have a part in the teaching of our children's children, better ourselves and insist that it shall be carried out under reasonable regulations. No wonder that the school rate mounts higher each year, when children are kept at school at the public cost up to such an age. If the "working man" must have charity schools provided for him, let him at least pay for those of his children above 14 years old. The Education Board, in their expenditure of \$40,000 for increased accommodation. The example afforded in the case of the High School leads one to expect that this will mean, when furniture, extra teachers, and other such "necessaries" are taken into account, at least one-third more than the estimate.

Let us then decline to sanction this, or any further expenditure, whatever until, as contemplated by the Act, a fee is charged at the High School to cover current expenses, and until the legal age for free education is limited to fourteen, and that limit strictly enforced. I believe this can be done if only those who disapprove of the present state of matters, and who condemn it loudly enough in private, will take the trouble, and have the courage to go to the poll. Let them remember that each of their votes means the cancelling of several votes on the other side.

This is the only weapon left us, and we have ourselves to blame if we do not use it effectively.

EDWARD MUSGRAVE.

## EXPLANATORY.

Sir,—A number of show cards, containing advertisements as well as a list of most of the local labor unions, have recently been distributed through the city. In which the name of the Trades and Labor Council appears without authority or sanction of any kind from either the Council or its officers.

As one of the most conspicuous advertisements displayed on the said card, that of the "Rainier Beer" of Seattle is from a firm whose products has been declared "unfair" in its home city, it is considered that they were distributed with the objects of leading the people of this community to believe that no dispute existed between the manufacturer of the "Rainier Beer," whereas the labor unions of Seattle are engaged in a boycott against that particular kind of beverage.

In consequence of the above I am directed by the Trades and Labor Council to state for the information of the merchants and manufacturers of the city as well as the public in general, that the use of the name of the Council by canvassers or agents in securing advertisements for any publication, souvenir books and show cards without authority, unless the agent is selling the same can produce an endorsement of the proposed publication signed by the president and secretary.

CHRISTIAN SIVERTZ.

Secretary.

## ILLEGAL FISHING.

Sir,—We have been noting that the fishermen have been taking large baskets of fish out of the Cowichan river lately, but nothing is ever said in the papers as to what they are doing with them. They are repeatedly fined, or sent to jail for catching two or three salmon to keep their families from starving. I suppose they get the fish and are pleased with it, but legal means. That is, by using a short gill net; but it is just what they have been accustomed to do from time immemorial. A pitiful case of that kind was tried before the court here yesterday when an old Indian was fined \$10 for catching four salmon for his own food, with a short piece of net; and after he has tried to get the amount from his friends, and he had to go to jail for 14 days. Of course, the officials are not to blame, as they are simply carrying out the law; but it seems strange that the Indians should in this way be deprived of their food. On the other hand, what about the baskets that are filled by white fishermen with little trout, each of which would eventually become a large salmon if permitted to grow, and if a large number of these baskets are filled more illegally than the Indian's stomach. I refer to the contemptible method of dynamiting the pools and killing all the fish in them.

FAIRPLAY.

Duncan's, V. I., April 9th, 1904.

## THE DOG SHOW.

Sir,—Now the dog show is a thing of the past, the writer would like to know under what conditions Mr. J. B. Stock was allowed to remove the dogs from the benches and for what reason? What would the show be like if other competitors did the same thing, and what would the public who visit the show think of it? I find the opinion of the judges of dogs have received through the local press more notice about their extra good qualities than they are entitled to. If he took his dogs out of the show where they were heavily fined, he is not worthy of being called a Britisher. Defeat this time should make him try all the more to carry off the blue ribbon another season. To say that many of the dogs are of the breed which would be putting it in a very mild manner.

Mr. G. Florence has in Wandee Revley a dog he may well be proud of, but what about the splendid terriers owned and bred by Mr. J. Angus and Mr. J. R. Saunders of this city? These dogs have received very little notice through our daily papers.

Mr. Saunders' Vex won first in the puppy class, and Vex won first in the puppy class, and Vex won first in the puppy class.

The amount of blue ribbon these young dogs have won speaks for itself and I think the owners justly deserve special mention in the press.

I am not a competitor and am practically a disinterested party.

Victoria, April 9th, 1904.

Only waiting till the shadows  
Are a little longer grown,  
Only waiting till the glimmer  
Of the day's last beam is down;  
Till the night comes in faded  
From the heart, once full of day;  
Till the stars of heaven are breaking  
Through the twilight soft and gray.

Only waiting till the reapers  
Have the last sheaf gathered home,  
For the summer time is faded,  
And the autumn winds have come.  
Quickly, quickly, gather quickly  
The ripe harvest of my heart,  
For the bloom of life is withered,  
And I hasten to depart.

Only waiting till the angels  
Open wide the mystic gate,  
At whose feet I long have lingered,  
Weary, poor and desolate,  
Even now I hear the footsteps,  
And their voices far away;  
If they call me, I am waiting,  
Only waiting to obey.

Only waiting till the shadows  
Are a little longer grown,  
Only waiting till the glimmer  
Of the day's last beam is down.  
Then from out the gathered darkness,  
Holy, leather-steps shall arise,  
By whose light my soul shall gladly  
Tread its pathway to the skies.

—Frances Laughton Mace.

Buy your coal for cash and get a discount.

Coalhousehold Coal  
\$6.50 per ton  
5 per cent off on all spot cash sales

Cash sales  
W. H. JONES  
Belleville Street.  
Phone 407. (J. Baker & Co.'s old stand.)

TO RENT

On Harrison street, close to Port street car line, a very desirable 6-roomed house with all modern conveniences. In first class condition.

\$25.00 PER MONTH  
Swinnerton & Oddy, 102 Govt. St.

LORDWOOD and STOVEWOOD  
Truck, Dray and General Teaming Done.  
J. M. PAINTER.  
Office, 21 Cormorant Street.  
Residence, 27 Pine street, Victoria West.  
Telephone 422.

Lawn Grass Seed  
Special Mixtures just received from Europe.

JOHNSTON'S SEED STORE,  
City Market

KEEPING FIT FOR WORK.

(By Orison Sweet Marden in Success.)  
A great electric power plant with half its dynamo out of commission through short circuits and burn outs, caused by wobbling bearings and loose bolts, that is what half the men and women workers are like. They are not using half their power, half their talents, half their pigments, half their money. Very few know how to bring the whole of themselves to their tasks. The causes are various—systemless working, vicious living, wrong thinking, wrong methods, wrong occupations.

The man who is in the habit of building your career is in you. Your own self is your greatest capital. The secret of your future achievement is locked up in your mind, in your nerves, in your muscles, in your ambition in your determination, in your ideal. Everything depends upon your physical and mental conditions. For that governs your vitality, your vigor and your ability to do anything. You are able to use in your vocation will measure your ultimate success, and whatever lessens this force, or the effectiveness of your achievement, will curtail your usefulness in life and your chances of success. Achievement does not depend so much upon

the size of the deposits you have in the bank as upon the amount of capital you have in yourself, the effectiveness with which you can use it, and the power you can bring to your vocation. A man who is weakened by ill-health, or who has sapped his energy by excessive use of tobacco or alcohol, or in any other way, has small chance of success when pitted against one who is sound and vigorous in every organ and faculty.

Nature is not sentimental or merciful. If you violate her law, you must pay the penalty, though you sit on a throne; king or beggar is all the same with her. You can not plead weakness or handicap as an excuse for failure. She demands that you be at the top of your condition, that you always do your best, and will accept no excuse or apology.

A weakness anywhere mars one's whole career. It will rise up as a ghost at through one's life-work, mortifying, condemning, and convicting one of past error. Every indiscretion or vicious indulgence simply opens a leak which drains off success capital.

Of what use is great success capital, of mental and physical equipment, if you are not wise enough to manage it to the best advantage and to make it last until your success is assured?

It is said to a young man try to win a high place with a broken-down constitution, or with his faculties half trained, and his success army completely demoralized. This business will, in future, be carried on under the name of THE HOPKINS CARNA-TION CO., LTD., to whom all accounts are now payable.

The saddest thing of all is that while living might have made fulfillment of ambition possible, and enrich the world with a noble well-rounded life.

The great problem, then, which every one has to face, is how to generate energy, how to conserve it, and how to keep oneself always at the top of his condition.

## MYSTERIOUS FISH.

Through the kindness of Mr. Jaeger, of Brannan street, San Francisco, Stanford University, has received a live specimen of a very mysterious fish. It is a loach, a eel-shaped fish with the head of a sucker and the beard of a cat-fish, a group of fish standing in the Old World in the brooks from Ireland to Japan, but never before found in America.

The loaches are very hardy, so much so as a salamander, and they sometimes come out into the wet grass in search of insects.

This loach was brought to San Francisco in a coaling ship from Nanaimo. He was said to have been found in a puddle in the garden in the Old World, and a tumbler of water at San Francisco, and then revived. When I found him he was still in the glass of water and lively enough, the bottom of the glass being covered with coal dust.

His origin is a puzzle. Some patriotic Englishmen might have brought a loach to Nanaimo. Some Chinaman may have carried a live loach as good medicine. Some Japanese may have had him in his little toy garden. It is not easy to conceive that this family should be native to America and that we should have overlooked it for so long.

This loach has six barbels, short dorsal, a rounded caudal. It cannot, therefore, belong to any one of the three European genera. Its place is in the genus Orthotilapia, lately named by the writer for a species from Northern Japan. But the new loach is not this species, nor does any one of the few Chinese species of Orthotilapia resemble it at all.

This is clear. The loach from Nanaimo belongs to a new or rare species. It is either native to Vancouver Island or else it has been brought over alive from China. Meanwhile the type cheerfully lives in the aquarium, feeding on mosquito larva and little tadpoles. Who will find a second specimen?

DAVID STARR JORDAN.  
THE GREAT CARIBOO CO.

Will Develop 20 Miles of Ground on Lightning Creek.

Kamloops Sentinel.

It is announced that a new company has been formed to develop a large area of ground on Lightning Creek. This is the Great Cariboo Company, with headquarters at New York, which has acquired the property and rights from the Baltimore syndicate, who bought the rights in the Lightning Creek Gold and Drainage Co.

The property is believed to be a very valuable one if properly opened up, some 20 miles of the creek have been developed, from the Electric of England, near Stanley town to the junction of Lightning with the Cottonwood river. From the claim two miles above the company's holdings some \$12,000 worth of gold has been secured.

Many of the original syndicate are still richholders, their stock is being unassessable. Senator James Reid is the president. The Oppenheimer and McGillivray estates held stock, as do Messrs. Farrell, Tingley, Taylor, Bell, Adams, Reynolds, Dunn, Evans, Harvey, Fraser, Bailey, and several other residents in Vancouver.

"ONLY WAITING."

Only waiting till the shadows  
Are a little longer grown,  
Only waiting till the glimmer  
Of the day's last beam is down;  
Till the night comes in faded  
From the heart, once full of day;  
Till the stars of heaven are breaking  
Through the twilight soft and gray.

Only waiting till the reapers  
Have the last sheaf gathered home,  
For the summer time is faded,  
And the autumn winds have come.  
Quickly, quickly, gather quickly  
The ripe harvest of my heart,  
For the bloom of life is withered,  
And I hasten to depart.

Only waiting till the angels  
Open wide the mystic gate,  
At whose feet I long have lingered,  
Weary, poor and desolate,  
Even now I hear the footsteps,  
And their voices far away;  
If they call me, I am waiting,  
Only waiting to obey.

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Are a little longer grown,  
Only waiting till the glimmer  
Of the day's last beam is down.  
Then from out the gathered darkness,  
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By whose light my soul shall gladly  
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(By Orison Sweet Marden in Success.)  
A great electric power plant with half its dynamo out of commission through short circuits and burn outs, caused by wobbling bearings and loose bolts, that is what half the men and women workers are like. They are not using half their power, half their talents, half their pigments, half their money. Very few know how to bring the whole of themselves to their tasks. The causes are various—systemless working, vicious living, wrong thinking, wrong methods, wrong occupations.

The man who is in the habit of building your career is in you. Your own self is your greatest capital. The secret of your future achievement is locked up in your mind, in your nerves, in your muscles, in your ambition in your determination, in your ideal. Everything depends upon your physical and mental conditions. For that governs your vitality, your vigor and your ability to do anything. You are able to use in your vocation will measure your ultimate success, and whatever lessens this force, or the effectiveness of your achievement, will curtail your usefulness in life and your chances of success. Achievement does not depend so much upon

## INVERTAVISH NURSERIES

## A DENIAL

With reference to a card which has been circulated in this city recently, reading as follows:

Mr. P. T. James begs to advise all who have favored him with their orders in the past, that the entire stock now in the Invertavish Nurseries is being moved to more commodious premises of The Hopkins Carnation Co., Ltd., on St. Charles street. Mr. James and his staff accompany the stock and will continue in charge of the Floral Department. The business will, in future, be carried on under the name of THE HOPKINS CARNA-TION CO., LTD., to whom all accounts are now payable.

I wish to publicly and emphatically deny all the statement contained therein. The business of the Invertavish Nurseries is not being transferred to the St. Charles St. premises. The only stock being so transferred is what is left of the Cock-rell stock.

The business at the Invertavish Nursery will continue to be carried on by me from the 1st of May next as heretofore, with a complete and carefully selected and fully guaranteed stock, and I respectfully request all former customers to continue dealing with me at the Invertavish Nursery.

The circulation of the above card must have had for its object the drawing away of my customers by statements which are departures from the truth.

P. T. JAMES.  
Invertavish Nursery, 7th, April, 1904.

## HOUSE CLEANING HELPS.

MAGIC CRYSTALS  
A wonderful Carpet Cleaner, 25c. pkgs. will make 5 gallons.

GERMAN GLOSS  
Furniture Polish 25c. bottle—will make your furniture look like new.

Red Cross Cleaning Compound  
Will remove grease, oil spots, tar, gum, etc., 25c. a bottle.

Also Sponges, Chamolins, Ammonia and many other helps for Housecleaning.

TERRY & MARETT,  
DRUGGISTS  
S. E. Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

## STR. BOSCOWITZ

Will Sell  
For Naas and Way Ports, including Kit-mant, on

Tuesday, April 12th  
JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.,  
Agents.

## The Arctic Trading Co.,

General Traders, Groceries and Provisional, Wholesale and Retail.

We have increased our stock of Groceries and Provisions, to enable us to meet the growing demands of the outfitting trade of the coming season. In addition to this we carry a complete stock of Sleds, Stores and Tents. Call and examine our goods when you come to

WHITE HORSE.  
Opposite the B. Y. N. Freight Sheds, Front Street.

CAPT. P. MARTIN,  
Manager.

## FISHING TACKLE AND RODS

We intend to clear out our entire stock at greatly reduced prices, as we don't intend to handle the above any more. Call and judge for yourselves.

BAZAAR,  
81 Johnson Street, near Broad

Studio of Applied Art  
Miss McCung will close studio May 7th. All goods marked down.

Sheepskins at ..... 50c. each  
Calfskins, at ..... 30c. per foot  
Table centres, cushion covers, frames, bags and wooden goods reduced.

Balmoral Block, cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

## Victoria Day School.

Mrs. Blacklock ..... Principal  
Miss Jessie Potts ..... Assistant Teacher

Will Re-Open Monday, 11th April, 1904

Course of Study.  
English, Literature, Mathematics, French, Latin, German, "Calisthenics."

Professor Dougour-Jouty takes the Senior French Class.

Will Open a Class for Girls at 10 HARRISON STREET

## Miss Messenger.

(Late of the Civil Service, London, Eng.)  
Will Open a Class for Girls at 14 Bellot St. Early in April

English, Latin, Mathematics, Classes in French (Paris), German (Germany), English Education, Sight Singing and Pianoforte, by

MISS ARCHBUTT

There is a smartness about our suits that appeals to men. "Get one and your friends will ask you where you got it." We are making a leader of a \$30 Scotch Tweed.

COOPER & LINKLATER  
TAILORS.  
47 Fort, Facing Broad St.

## Spencer's

## Western Canada's Big Store.

Interest is centering around the

## House Furnishing

## DEPARTMENT

Now that the fine weather has set in, spring house cleaning has started in good earnest

## Furniture

Many people who have not been in the habit of doing their furniture buying here are surprised to see such a fine collection of high-class furniture.







## Choice Yates Street Property For Sale!

2 lots, between Quadra and Vancouver streets, with cottage, 120 feet frontage on Yates street. For sale at a very low figure.

**PEMBERTON & SON**  
45 FORT STREET

## "Seed Potatoes"

Barly Rose, Burkanis, Beauty of Heburn, Flower Balls. All choice hand picked selected stock.

**The Sulvester Feed Co., - - 87-89 YATES STREET**  
Tel. 413.

## Rose Coghlan's Strong Playing

"Greatest Thing in the World"  
At Opera House Last Evening.

"Silver Slipper" A Fine Attraction—Mary Mannerling in "Harriet's Honeymoon."

Rose Coghlan has lost little, if any, of the power, the grace, the fine dramatic skill which have won for her throughout a long and very brilliant theatrical career, the admiration of all discriminating players. And she is now personally charming which, in her greatest days, made Rose Coghlan one of the leading beauties of the American stage. If the enemy has given to her the opportunity of a fine and figure in the "Silver Slipper," it is but the more charmingly suited to the part which Miss Coghlan has to play in the psychological study entitled "The Greatest Thing in the World," which was the piece at the opera house last evening. She was supported by a very capable company, and the play went with all smoothness.

The piece itself is a sort of Bismarck study of degeneracy and heredity, saved, however, from the repellent grimness of the "great thing" as Bismarck insists in showing it, by just enough light comedy and side show business to make high finance in what would otherwise be a gloomy picture. Artistically, of course, this comedy business, detracts from the genuine excellence of the piece, but popularity, it is eminently successful.

Virginia Bryant is a widow with two sons, one of whom is a manly young fellow, the other a sneaking, cowardly cad, who "raises" a cheque from \$1,000 to \$10,000, is discovered, and plays the potboiler. Then he caves down, and the play displays a set of delectable qualities, most of which are supposed to be inherited from his dissipated father. His fiancée casts him off; his mother's business adviser holds the forged cheque, and threatens criminal proceedings. The mother (Miss Coghlan), in a moment of great dramatic intensity, offers to marry the holder of the cheque, whom she does not love, if he will give it up to her.

The denouement, through the power of the greatest thing in the world, which, according to the two ladies who have written the play, is love; and everything ends happily, with orange blossoms all round and the wedding march for several couples.

Mr. Sidney Irving played the odious part of Cecil Bryant with much power, and Mr. F. C. Hulse, as Harold Bryant, the brother, was a very good study. Margaret Dill, as Helen McFarland, was charming, and Miss Paula Glory, as Maud Cuiselhurst, provided most of the comedy. All the other parts were well taken. The object of the passionate adoration of nearly all the men in the play, was admirable as ever, a really great actress. The audience was a very fair one for a Saturday night, but the play and its splendid cast deserved a packed house.

THE SILVER SLIPPER.  
One of the features in John C. Fisher's production of the delightful musical play, "The Silver Slipper," by the authors of "Florodora" is the "Champagne Dance" which is performed in the second act. Six young women in unadorned dresses appear and after going through a number of whirlwind like gyrations are followed by six young men attired as waiters, who hand each of the dancers a wine list. The waiters, with their favorite brand with their toes, the waiters retiring only to return with tables with which are attached small bells. The girls dance and whirl about the tables, the waiters remaining at a respectful distance until they are summoned by the ringing of the bells, which is done by the girls tapping the bells with their toes. The waiters again retire, remaining with champagne glasses, and after going through

## Are You Troubled By Sleeplessness?

Over-Wrought Nerves Cause the Trouble—Build Up, Fortify the Nervous System With Ferrozone—Then You Will Sleep Soundly.

There is probably no remedy that soothes the nerves and drives away those long nights of wakefulness like Ferrozone. Every person whose sleep is restless should take Ferrozone like Mr. J. H. McGaw, who writes from Saskatoon as follows:

"I was bothered with insomnia last summer to such an extent that my health almost broke down. I was tired, nervous, and it had gone on much longer I would have been a physical wreck. I read about Ferrozone, and concluded it was the sort of remedy I needed. I bought six boxes, and took one tablet with every meal. A change was at once noticeable. I no longer labored under such great mental excitement, and was able to take things more quietly. Ferrozone improved my digestion, I picked up in spirits and strength, and in a comparatively short time sleep came the minute my head touched the pillow. Ferrozone completely rehabilitated my system, and has made me a different sort of man altogether."

Don't wait until your condition becomes nervous prostration; it's hard to cure. Take Ferrozone regularly and the cause of your sleepless nights will be removed. It always cures insomnia. Ferrozone is the greatest health-giver, the most valuable tonic that money can buy. It will bring your lasting strength, vigor and health at small cost. Only Ferrozone can do this, so be sure that nothing represented "just as good." No other remedy is so good as Ferrozone, price 50c. per box or six boxes for \$2.50, at all druggists or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

## Tugs Failed to Find Derelict

Pioneer and Sea Lion Return From Fruitless Search of West Coast.

General Marine Intelligence—N. P. Liner Victoria is Due Today.

Yesterday morning the Port Townsend tugs Sea Lion and Pioneer returned to Victoria after their trip up the West Coast in search of the derelict reported by a San Francisco collier, without having seen any trace of the vessel. The tugs went as far north as Cape Cook, keeping a good lookout. The description of the vessel from the collier was not that of the Kaituma, now on Badger reef, but a vessel of the same name and class. It is not surmised that the derelict may have been carried out to sea by the strong currents setting along the coast. The tug captains did not intend to attempt any salvaging operations, if the vessel had been found, owing to the prohibitions of international law.

### NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Notice is hereby given that, on or about April 30, 1904, a fixed white light of the third order, illuminating 216 degrees of the horizon, will be established in the structure now being completed on the westerly extremity of the point, on the eastern side of the southern entrance to Revillagigedo channel, and about four miles to the northward and westward of Cape Fox. The focal plane of the light will be 86 1/2 feet above the water, and 56 1/2 feet above the base of the tower, and the light will be visible 15 miles in clear weather, the eye of the observer 15 feet above the sea. The light will not be visible to the eastward of W.N.W. 3/4 W. and S.W. 3/4 E. bearings from seaward. On the same date there will be established in the structure a first class automatic siren, operated by compressed air, to sound, during thick and foggy weather, blasts of three seconds' duration, separated by silent intervals of 27 seconds. The structure consists of an octagonal one-story log-cabin building with pyramidal roof surmounted by an actinon tower supporting the lantern. The building is clad with brown roof; the tower is white, and the lantern gray with black roof. On the same date the temporary fixed white lens-lantern light will be permanently discontinued.

### VICTORIA DUE TODAY.

Either today or tomorrow the Northern Pacific liner Victoria is expected to reach Victoria from the Orient. She is to be transferred to the Rosine Company immediately she reaches Tacoma, and prepared for service on the South-Northwest route. The Victoria is a fine vessel, built in 1901, and is a member of the Northern Pacific line. She is a fine vessel, built in 1901, and is a member of the Northern Pacific line. She is a fine vessel, built in 1901, and is a member of the Northern Pacific line.

### MARINE NOTES.

Steamship Tremont, which sailed from Yokohama for this port, Friday, is bringing direct mail from Japan, 15,000 bags of hemp from Manila. A consignment of \$6,000 worth of silver ore from Mexico was delivered at the Tacoma smelter by the steamer City of Peking.

The long-haul schooner Americana to Vancouver yesterday.

Steamer Princess May left for the North last evening.

THE B. A. PAINT CO.'S WORKS, VICTORIA, B. C.

One of the most prosperous businesses in the province today is that of the British America Paint Company of this city.

This company succeeded the B. C. branch of the Canada Paint Company, Limited, in 1899, the present owner, Mr. Hendry, purchasing their entire plant.

A new and more efficient plant, immediately erected on Humboldt street, and the plant made thoroughly efficient by the purchase of a large number of grinding and mixing mills, together with a complete set of machinery for the manufacture of this and iron packages. The present capacity is 15 tons a day.

Since that time the business has been energetically conducted, the range of manufactures having been greatly extended, and the entire province, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon systematically covered by traveling representatives.

It is, therefore, not surprising to find this spring the company has experienced an unprecedented rush of business, the factory having been taxed to its utmost capacity during the last two months. By the 15th of this month the month-end order for the Keeney and Northwest Territories will be on its way and enquiries as to northern shipments are already coming in. The Yukon trade in paints and varnishes being almost entirely controlled by the B. A.

When it is remembered that the heaviest part of the company's business is on the coast it will at once be apparent that they are justified in expecting a bumper year's trade.

The management is in the hands of Mr. R. D. Munro, formerly of the Canadian Paint Co., Montreal, and is safe to say that commercial and technical affairs of the concern could not be in better keeping.

TELEPHONY, THE GREATEST INVENTION OF ALL.

An eminent Electrician graphically says of the progress made in Electrical Science and Invention during the past quarter of a century, that the greatest invention within, or without this span, is the telephone. The electric light is a priceless boon, the trolley car a great utility, wireless telegraphy a wonderful achievement; but the telephone is all these and a blessed benediction in human affairs as well. Its simplicity and marvelous adaptability, transcend all comparisons in the domain of pure or applied science.

The extension of audible speech transmission from a room to a room, from a mile, and with quieter inflection, is a work unrivaled. The telephone is an ally of worry, an assuager of sorrow, a life-saver, a deterrent of crime, a carrier of security and an indispensable commercial necessity. The world could better afford to go back to the "penny din" and the stage coach than give up the Telephone.

As to what the future holds no man can say, but the telephone explores the ambient clouds on a radio motor, with a searchlight for a rudder, the telephone invention will still be secure in its peerless position.

## WANTED

A Good Farm of About 100 Acres, in Saanich District, Give Full Particulars and Price.

**A. W. JONES, 28 Fort St**

### THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Victoria, April 9.—8 p. m. SYNOPSIS.  
As the barometer is higher over North-east Britain and low to the southward, the winds have been chiefly from the interior, therefore the weather has been fine and somewhat warmer over the Pacific slope. The temperature rose to 68 and 70 on the Lower Mainland, over 60 in the interior and from 70 in Washington to 80 in California. The winds have been light to moderate on the Coast. Warm weather is also general in Alberta.

TEMPERATURE.	Min.	Max.
Victoria .....	45	62
New Westminster .....	44	68
Kamloops .....	44	62
Port Simpson .....	38	44
Dawson .....	26	40
Calgary .....	32	61
Winnipeg .....	16	24
Portland, Ore. ....	50	78
San Francisco .....	58	84

FORECASTS.  
For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time) Sunday:  
Victoria and Vicinity: Light to moderate winds, cool, fair and warm.  
Lower Mainland: Winds chiefly light and variable, generally fair and warm.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.  
Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon, and 5 p. m.

SATURDAY, APRIL 9.	Deg.	Mean.	Deg.
5 a.m. ....	45	52	52
Noon .....	58	52	62
5 p.m. ....	58	52	62

Barometer at noon—Observed.....30.20  
Corrected.....30.217

NEW WESTMINSTER.  
Barometer at 5 p. m.—Corrected.....30.1

IMPERIAL CHEESE PREMIUMS.

Everyone knows MacLaren's Imperial Cheese, as it is a product of great Canadian art, and is used in every part of the Dominion. Buyers of this famous cheese, however, should look at the coupon which is contained in every jar as these coupons are valuable in securing the silver holders or silver cheese knives which go so well with a jar of MacLaren's. The offer of the Imperial Cheese Company in regard to these coupons is most liberal. It is being expedited by the company, and the coupons of the Saturday issue of this paper. Users of MacLaren's Imperial should save coupons and send them to Toronto on the terms of the offer made.

BUSINESS IMPROVING.

Messrs. B. Williams & Co., the enterprising Yates street clothing and hatters, report business for the past week as better than ever. This firm has sold some 200 Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits during the week just ended. These suits have all been sold for cash, the large discount, viz., one-fifth off for cash, applying directly to the careful buyer. This sale will continue until the entire stock is turned into cash to make room for the new "Semi-Ready Clothing," with which Messrs. B. Williams & Co. expect to revolutionize the clothing business in Victoria. A consignment of twenty cabinet wardrobes have just arrived from the East, but will not be installed until the bulk of the present stock has been sold. Now is the time for summer suits, flannel suits, beach suits, and outing suits, also raincoats, overcoats and pants for men and boys, as this sale is genuine, all goods being marked in plain figures and a discount of one-fifth off the marked price is given for cash.

SPRING.

Clark's delicious Pork and Beans are pronounced by scientists to be a perfect nourishing and stimulating food.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.—Rhotograph and Rotax are the best, rapid and gas-light, and give the best. Ask for Victoria Book and Stationery Co., Limited.

County Court.—The County court sittings will be resumed tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, at the best. Ask for Victoria Book and Stationery Co., Limited.

THE HOME LIFE.

Life Insurance constitutes one of the most reliable and the most readily and quickly convertible assets in any estate in the event of death. The Home Life Association of Canada Policy is provided on conditions except payment of premiums.

Are you fixing up your fences, sheds, etc.? You may want a pair of hinges, a few nails, a latch, whitewash brush, etc. Give us a call. We have a full line of hardware. R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

The attention of the public is directed to another of those very important auction sales to be held by W. T. Hardaker, auctioneer, at No. 8 Carr street, James bay on Monday, at 2 p. m. See him on the eighth page of this paper for particulars, etc.

Finch & Finch, 57 Government street, have just received a consignment of Ladies Kid Gloves, including Foxgloves, and many other goods, which they are offering at reasonable prices. They are fitted at the counter and guaranteed.

Le Petit Crystal Theatre.—The popular little playhouse in the Dawson block, Yates street, last night closed the most successful week since its inception in this city. The bill of fare was the best ever offered in vaudeville circles of the Coast, including the moving pictures, which were all new, and of most interesting character. The programme for the week, beginning April 11th, as published elsewhere in this paper, promises a bill even surpassing in interest the one of last week. The programme for this week starts off with Lane & Suzanotti, Roman Gladiators, in their broadsword combat, and cannonball juggling act. These are the only female broadsword combatants in America, and upon whom Richard K. Fox stakes \$1,000 for the production of her equal in beauty, form and strength alike.

Gowichan Laundry.—The popular little playhouse in the Dawson block, Yates street, last night closed the most successful week since its inception in this city. The bill of fare was the best ever offered in vaudeville circles of the Coast, including the moving pictures, which were all new, and of most interesting character. The programme for the week, beginning April 11th, as published elsewhere in this paper, promises a bill even surpassing in interest the one of last week. The programme for this week starts off with Lane & Suzanotti, Roman Gladiators, in their broadsword combat, and cannonball juggling act. These are the only female broadsword combatants in America, and upon whom Richard K. Fox stakes \$1,000 for the production of her equal in beauty, form and strength alike.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Pressed.  
Work Guaranteed  
One-half Freight Charges Paid by Laundry.

### IT'S COUGHING TIME

Spruce and Cherry Pectoral Will break up a cold. For the babies' use, Babies' Own Cough Syrup.

**J. L. WHITE, & CO.,**  
DRUGGISTS  
Agents for Spratt's Dog and Chicken Remedies.  
30 and 32 Govt. St. Near P. O.

**W. JONES**

Dominion Government Auctioneer

City Auction Mart, 58 Broad Street, will conduct your sales profitably. Best results obtained, immediate returns. Liberal advances made. Residential sales our specialty.  
Tel. 291. W. JONES.  
Dom. Govt. Auctioneer.

**DAVIES BROS**

**DAVIES BROS**  
AUCTIONEERS

I have received instruction from the HOPKINS CARNATION CO., Ltd., to sell by

**PUBLIC AUCTION**  
AT THE  
**INVERTAVISH NURSERY**  
No. 9 Park road, on Monday, April 11th, 1904, at 2 p. m.

Comprising 3,000 Geraniums, 2,000 Dahlias, 200 Pelargoniums, 200 Hydrangeas, 25 large Palms.

**P. J. DAVIES,**  
Auctioneer.

**HARDAKER.**  
AUCTIONEER

I am instructed to sell under Chatelet Mortgage at

**8 Carr St., Cor Avalon Rd.**

**Tomorrow, 2 p. m.**

**ELEGANT AND COSTLY**

**FURNITURE**

**EXCELLENT**

**Carpets, Rugs**

**Etc.**

Including: Uph. Mahogany Settee and Chairs, covered in Silk Tapestry; Capital Oak Centre Table; Mahogany Stool; Oak Chairs; Rattan Chairs; Splendid lot of Pictures; Massive Polished Oak Sideboard; Excellent Oak Dining Extension Table; 1/2 dozen Oak Dining Chairs; Fine Oak Hall Stand, with Bevel Plate Mirror; Carved Oak Leather Covered Couch; Mahogany Lounge; Uph. Mahogany Bed Room; Blinds; Axminster and Wilton Bordered Carpets; Rugs; Mats; Wilton Stair Carpet; Dining Set; Glassware; Inlaid Linoleum; Mahogany Chefferson; Mahogany Washstand; Mahogany Dresser; Mahogany Bureau; Enamel and Brass Double Bedsteads; Maple Bedroom Suite; Bed Springs; Perfection Top Mattress; Clipping Machine; Toilet Set; Blankets; Bed Linen; Feather Pillows; Rug Set; Range; Kitchen Table and Chairs; Cooking Utensils; Clothes Wringer; Electric Chandeliers, etc.

Children and dogs not allowed on the premises.

**W. T. Hardaker,**  
AUCTIONEER

**BUSINESS CHANGE**

The undersigned beg to inform the general public that they have purchased the business carried on by J. A. McNeill as

**Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables**

109 JOHNSON STREET.

**Cameron Bros.**

**FOR SALE**  
AT A BARGAIN

Nice new six-roomed cottage. All modern conveniences. May be had on installment plan.

**II. J. KNOTT,**  
15 Caledonia ave.

**Gowichan Laundry**

**Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothes**  
Cleaned and Pressed.

**Work Guaranteed**

**One-half Freight Charges Paid by Laundry.**

**WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,**  
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., April 8th, 1904.

## White Rock

**Pure, Sparkling, Healthful**

**SOLD EVERYWHERE**

**PITHER & LEISER,**  
IMPORTERS

**"Nasco"**  
THE NEW SOAP

**The New Labor-Saving Soap.**

It washes everything, and produces wonderful results without endangering either the clothing or the skin.

It will lighten your Spring cleaning.

A delightful toilet requisite.

Can be obtained from all Grocers in \$1.00, 50c and 25c packages.

**FRUIT CANS**

We have made special prices on these cans, for contracts, signed in the next 60 days. If you need any other description of the tin can, tell us your want.

**THE BURNABY CAN FACTORY**  
P. O. Box 101, - NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

**British America Paint Co.**  
Manufacturers of

**CHEMICAL AND MINERAL COLORS**

**Dry or in Oil**

Liquid Paints, Stains, Enamels, "Atlantic" Copper Paint Carriage Colors, China Glass White, for ships' cabins; Varnishes, Lacquers, Japans.

**GRINDERS OF WHITE LEAD.**  
**LINSEED OIL BOILERS AND REFINERS.**

Office and Factory: Humboldt St., Victoria. Warehouse: Water St., Vancouver.

**STODDART'S**

**JEWELRY STORE**

Manufacturing Jeweler, Watchmaker and Optician

63 YATES STREET, 63

**Monday Half-Price Sale, and Tuesday**

**SEE OUR WINDOWS**

**All Articles Ticketed Far Below Cost. Two Days Only**

**Bargains for Cash!**

**PUBLIC NOTICE.**

The attention of those interested is hereby respectfully drawn to the provisions of Section 3 of the Streets By-Law Amendment By-Law, (Wood-Sawing), 1904.

Section 3. No person shall saw, cut or split lumber, wood, cord-wood or firewood upon any street, or upon any public sidewalk within the limits of the city.

By order: WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., April 8th, 1904.

**NOTICE TO PAINTERS**

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 3 p. m., on Monday the 18th inst., for painting and time washing fences and gates at the Ross Bay Cemetery, as per specifications to be seen at my office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTE, Buildings Inspector.

City Hall, April, 9th, 1904.

# Bench and Bar

A FEW ANECDOTES OF EARLY JUDGES AND LAWYERS

By D. W. K.

All Rights Reserved.

"No ceremony that to great ones 'longs,  
Not the King's crown nor the deputed  
sword,  
The marshal's truncheon, nor the judge's  
robe,  
Become them with one half so good a  
grace  
As mercy does."

—Measure for Measure.

THE first Chief Justice on the British Pacific Coast was David Cameron. He was a Scotchman and in early life had had a most remarkable education in his native country. He had never studied law although he had had a liberal education. He was connected by marriage with Governor Douglas and to that fact he probably owed his preference. When I say that Mr. Cameron was a man of good, strong common sense, that his library consisted of three law books—one on criminal law, one on contracts and a third "Burns' Justice," the legal leader of the day, will have some idea that the justice dispensed here at that time must have been of the Edinburgh variety. As there was no Appellate Court the Chief Justice's word went without question. He was an amiable, kind hearted old man and if his head was not filled with legal knowledge his heart overflowed with the milk of human kindness. He was a timid man withal and when learned barristers from Great Britain began to flock here and besiege the court with their wigs and gowns, they threw the old gentleman into a state of mental confusion and physical trepidation that well-nigh overwhelmed him. There was no finality about his rulings either; many trivial cases hung on from court to court and year to year until the litigants' purses as well as their patience were exhausted. They always do. I have known the old gentleman decide a point of law and ten minutes afterwards reverse the decision in deference to the demands of the Attorney-General or some other leading barrister. Sometimes his Lordship's indecision would give rise to exciting scenes and provoke the use of violent language.

On one occasion Barrister Babington told me that he had seen in his journal brother George Hunter Cary, the Judge deciding adversely to the latter. "But, my Lord," persisted Cary, "Clarity says so-and-so," remarked the Chief Justice. "I don't decide in your favor," the order is reversed." "But, my Lord," urged Mr. Ring, "Burns' Justice says this (and he proceeded to read from the authority)." "What do you say to that, Mr. Cary?" asked the learned Judge. "I say," retorted Mr. Cary vehemently, "that the authority quoted has no bearing on this case at all." "I think that it has," replied the Chief Justice, after a long pause; "and the Court decides against you." The next moment Cary's wig sailed across the court room and he leaped from his seat and made wild gestures for the aim diverging from himself of his gown and hands, casting them on the floor and shouting: "I'll never appear before that—old fool Cameron again!" The solicitor who instructed him and the litigant whom he represented ran after him and after a few minutes pleading prevailed upon the irate gentleman to return. His legal togethery was recovered and having put them on again he resumed his efforts to induce the Chief Justice to again reverse his order, which he actually did in spite of the fervid appeals of Mr. Ring and liberal quotations from English authorities of the existence of which the Chief Justice had not the slightest knowledge.

Mr. Cameron was a merciful man. It always cut him to the heart to sentence a prisoner to death—and when delivering a charge to the jury in a hanging case he always associated an anecdote of the criminal. He was very gentle in his demeanor, but sometimes he would lose patience and flare up at the goading of counsel; but it was only for a moment. The old gentleman's amiable nature would soon reassert itself and he would pardon the indiscretion of speech or the offensive manner of the barristers. He wore neither wig nor gown for the reason that he had never read in any law book that he was required to wear them. The barristers who appeared before him should be properly clothed. He used to refer privately to a certain pompous barrister who pleaded before him in wig and gown as "that gorgeous fellow and another he referred to as 'an uncertain quantity'—forgetting his own inability to arrive at a determination. Cases, as I have said, lingered on for years. The Court of Sessions was a farce. Every lawyer who asked for an adjournment of a case got it. The Assize Court, although only convened once or twice a year, was not much better. Jurors when summoned appeared promptly, but frequently told their services would not be required till some future day. Litigation drifted on for years to the serious injury of the whole country until some good angel took pity upon our condition and represented to the Queen that the law in the Colony. Then Mr. Joseph Needham came out and Mr. Cameron retired with a pension which he enjoyed till his death some years later.

Chief Justice Needham was a strong man mentally and physically and his knowledge of the law was phenomenal. Of all the Crown Court Judges he was one of the cleverest. He could grasp the fine points of a case almost by intuition and he had the English practice at his fingers' ends. His law was not a mere collection of precedents and maxims and his explanation of the law was lucid and unmisunderstandable. Mr. Needham always wore the wig and gown. On Assize days he donned a red robe and on a hook just behind the judicial seat hung a black cap which he put on when imposing the death penalty. Mr. Cary had returned to England in ill health before Mr. Needham arrived; but there remained his old antagonist, Mr. Ring. Mr. W. M. Drake (now a Justice of the Supreme Court), Mr. T. L. Wood (afterwards a Judge in China), Mr. J. F. McCredie and Mr. R. C. Robertson who were both subsequently elevated to the Bench.

The new Chief Justice was much perturbed in insisting upon a strict observance of Court etiquette as it is practiced in England. Under Mr. Cameron the rules were not enforced and a barrister frequently rose in his place and secured a hearing without having his wig and gown on. A few days after Mr. Needham had taken his seat a young Canadian barrister who was not properly groomed advanced to the table and said: "My Lord, in the case of—"

speaking; but I don't see any one. This is very strange."

"My Lord, in the case of—" the barrister again began. "The Chief Justice—Really, this is most perplexing. I hear, but I do not see." At that moment one of the solicitors whispered something to the barrister's ear, and a wig and gown were handed him by a brother practitioner. Having donned these he began as before. This time he obtained the Chief Justice's attention at once, and with the remark: "I both see and hear you now, Mr. R." the request, which was one for an adjournment, was granted.

One day Mr. Hopson Walker, barrister, appeared before Mr. Needham in wig and gown, but visible below the gown was a bright-hued Baltic shirt-front. Walker failed to catch the judge's eye and was puzzled to know why. Presently the Registrar whispered, "His Lordship objects to your colored shirt." Walker withdrew into one of the rooms, tucked a sheet of white legal cap into his bosom and came back to court with the colored shirt-front no longer visible to the judicial eye. The case then proceeded.

When Mr. Needham took charge he found no less than 210 cases pending in the Court of General Sessions. Some had hung for several years. His Lordship took his seat at ten o'clock one morning and by six o'clock in the evening the last case had been disposed of and the docket was cleared for the first time since it began to make history. Some of the suits disposed of were very amusing. A man named Feigh kept a bar on Yates street. Under the Table Act a publican cannot bring suit for drink; but he can recover for bottles of wine or liquor supplied Feigh brought suit against a customer to recover \$95, and in order to comply with the Act he made out the account as for nineteen bottles of champagne at \$5 a bottle. The charge was fraudulent and the Judge recognized its character at once.

Feigh was put in the box. "So you charge \$5 a bottle for champagne?" "Yes, sir." "Twenty shillings for a bottle of champagne?" "Yes, sir." "Well, you charge too much. Your bill is exorbitant and I find for the plaintiff."

The suit of C. B. Young, a noted political writer of the day, against the Chronicle newspaper for libel and damages laid at \$10,000, was tried before Chief Justice Needham in 1893. The paper had called Young "an old reprobate" because he presided at a meeting which had been convened for the purpose of advocating the annexation of Vancouver Island to the United States. The paper pleaded justification and produced witnesses who swore that the plaintiff was a wicked person. The Chronicle won the suit, the Chief Justice showing a decided leaning towards the defendants. One of the allegations was that the plaintiff had frequently stated that the power and greatness of England were on the wane. Asked if he had made the remark, Young replied: "Yes, and I do believe England is on the wane."

"Mr. Young, Mr. Young," exclaimed the Chief Justice, "the power and greatness of England will outlive both you and me." And so it has. The Mother Country is greater and more powerful today than it has ever been in its history and Needham and Young are dead.

Mr. Needham was fond of entertaining. He had a charming wife and two equally charming daughters. They were very musical and threw themselves heart and soul into every movement that had for its object charity. They were the life of Colonial society at the time. A more useful and hospitable family never resided here. They occupied Duval Cottage, now the residence and property of His Worship Mayor Bernard, and the dinner and dancing parties were frequent and most pleasant. The Chief Justice's eldest son was a lieutenant in the Navy and was stationed at Esquimalt.

In 1897 a serious disturbance arose on Trompeter Creek, Arlboro. The trouble was about a mining claim which had been jumped by a company of Canadians. The mining laws allowed a company to lay over an alluvial claim from November 1st to the first of May. It was during the season when the ground was frozen. The partners who owned this particular claim were not on the ground when the first of May for June arrived and a number of miners who called themselves the Canadian Company jumped the ground, appropriated the cabins, tools and shovels of the original company and began to take out quantities of gold. They were ordered by the Gold Commissioner and refused to go. Mr. Trutch, who was then Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, sent orders to expell them. The Canadians armed themselves and defied the orders of the officers sent to carry out the orders. Next Chief Justice Begbie issued an injunction; but the papers were torn up and the pieces thrown in the officers' faces. The miners began to fortify the claim and meanwhile the shovels ran day and night with the dirt. The miners generally sympathized with the intruders and the lives of the officials were threatened if they should venture on the property. Governor Seymour, who was a very timid man, began to feel the heat and he was not alone. He was a very timid man and he was not alone. He was a very timid man and he was not alone.

The trial opened at Richmond as announced. Several special constables had been sworn in and when Mr. Needham, attired in red robe and wig, took his seat on the Bench his son, in the uniform of a British naval officer, sat by his side. The presence of the young officer had a marked effect on the spectators. The courtroom was filled and the approaches to the building were packed with miners. The proceedings were begun in a most solemn and ceremonious manner, advantage being taken of every opportunity to represent the claim within the legal limit was clearly proved. It was also shown that the Canadian Company had "jumped" or taken possession of the property, declaring that it was forfeited because of nonrepresentation. The decision was rendered the next day. It was against the Canadian Company on every point. "It is true," said His Lordship, "that the original owners failed to appear on the ground within the legal limit; but the power to forfeit the claim resides in the Crown and can only be exercised by the Crown. The Crown has failed to act and the power that it has not exercised cannot be exercised by individuals. The claim reverts to the original holders and the money paid into the Court must be delivered to them."

The losing side accepted the disappointment with as good a grace as possible and surrendered the property. It was never believed that the money paid into Court represented more than a small percentage of the gold that had been taken out by the jumpers.

After the union of British Columbia and Vancouver Island Mr. Begbie (afterwards Sir Matthew) was made Chief Justice of the United Colonies; but that eminent man and his invaluable services are entitled to a longer notice than there is space for today. Mr. Needham retired on a pension and went to England to reside. He was hale and hearty at the age of eighty odd and was as fond of a good dinner at that age as when he was much younger. He had an abiding faith in the saving virtue of brandy and water and would often strike his chest with his clenched hand and exclaim: "I'll tell you what is the matter with the Englishmen of the present day—they don't drink enough brandy."

One evening the great jurist ordered his team of spirited horses to be brought to the door for he was an excellent driver. He took the reins, the horses ran away and Sir Joseph was thrown out and killed. His son, Capt. Needham, now retired, visited the province during the Kootenay excitement in the interest of English investors. He also went to Altna and secured some properties there.

Although not connected with the Bench or the Bar, "W.S." sends me from Nanaimo a most amusing incident that occurred at the goal in 1891 and which will fit in this chapter. Secret Blake at that time was a chain-gang guard. He started out one morning with thirteen prisoners to do some work on the government grounds. When he counted the gang in the morning he found only twelve instead of thirteen prisoners. To account for the missing man he could not at first devise a plan and saw dismissal looming before him. He was walking moodily towards the goal when he heard the voice of the gang when he saw an old Indian wrapped in dignity and a new red blanket cazing at some pretty things that were displayed in a shop window. A bright idea occurred to the constable. Seizing the old Indian by the arm he led him into the midst of the gang and told him to march with the others to wards the goal.

"Blake?" (what does this mean?) asked the astonished Indian, who was inclined to resist. "Conet wa-we, hyas c'tawah," (don't talk, but go on), responded Blake who presently handed his thirteen men over to the gaoler and took his freedom for them. The wondering old Squaw could not make himself understood, or no one would believe that he was Archibald while the prison record insisted that he was Archibald. So he served the balance of the sentence in the other Indian who, a little later, came back on another charge and the two men, the guilty man and his substitute, worked side by side in the same gang for months. The innocent man, who was an honest fellow, was in a deplorable state of surprise. Like Alice in Wonderland, all the time he remained in the gang and whenever he caught sight of Blake would ask, "Blake?" Blake would reply with a threatening gesture, "Come weewa, don't your tongue, and the Indian would resume his duties until he saw Blake again when he would repeat the question with the same result. He was once afterwards known to the gaoler as "Old Blake." The affair was a strange joke with the constables for a long time; but it was anything but a joke to poor Blake.

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THE SENSELESS DUEL.  
Needless to say the scandal does reach

With certain limitations, varying in  
verse proportion to the size of the com-  
munity, society all over the world is as  
much implicated as the village of Fom-  
bachs, where Lieut. Bilse was stationed.  
Slightly to alter Mr. Arnold White's words  
in the preface: "The publication of this  
book is marked by an audacity of courage  
deserving universal gratitude."

ing fleets, where mechanical propulsion is found to be peculiarly valuable. It is believed that the petroleum motor has a future here on the smaller fishing boats, where cheap power is necessary. These motors are now used in Denmark both to drive the boat and to operate its nets. The naphtha dory, a still smaller form, has

I hereby certify that "The Albion Iron Works Company, Limited," has this day been re-incorporated and registered as "The Albion Iron Works Company, Limited," under section 5 of the "Companies Act 1897," as a Limited Company, with a capital of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred

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AND EXTRACTS

vibration. A gap exists between the electrical and the heat vibrations and it is supposed that Blondlot's N-rays, with a wave-length of about 0.2 millimeter, belong in this place. A millimeter, the thousandth of a meter and millionth of a kilometer, is about 0.04 of an inch.

that his check was not worth \$2,000 and again he thought, as he rushed out of the bank, that any man who would give him \$2,000 for it could have it. He hurried back to the office of the Western Union and said he could not get any money. A clerk was sent to the bank with him to identify him.

whose name appears therein may petition the Council in manner hereinafter mentioned, viz: "Any person dissatisfied with the number of feet frontage with which his land is assessed upon such roll, whether upon the ground that the measurement is incorrect, or that the land and real property are not liable to taxation or are inequitably

This is the age of research and experiment, when all nature, so to speak, is ransacked by the scientists for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine comes that of

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Aggregate resources exceeding .....	\$11,000,000

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## The New Gold Fields On the Liard River

Brief History of Mining in the Cassiar District in Northern British Columbia and Some Particulars of the Late Rich Find on the Branch of the MacKenzie.

In the year 1872 a big rush of miners took place into the Cassiar country which at that time comprised all that portion of British Columbia lying between the coast and the west boundaries and from the latitude 51 degrees north to 60 degrees north. This immense tract of country has an area of 105,000,000 acres and has since been subdivided into the mining divisions of Bennett, Atlin, Teslin, Stikine and Liard.

The whole country is extensively mineralized and Dr. T. M. Dawson, of the Geological Survey, who visited it in the seventies says at pp. 137 R in his "Mineral Wealth of British Columbia": "Heavy gold and pellets of silver were found on Tahltan in 1873; in the same year Dease creek yielded from \$8 to \$50 a day to the land in coarse gold; Dease creek yielded coarse gold, rough and often full of quartz, large nuggets, including one fourteen ounces." Further on he says, "This gold is evidently derived from massive deposits of quartz, which occur at the head of the creek. McName creek in 1874 yielded from \$6 to \$100 a day of coarse gold worth \$17.75 to \$18 an ounce. The high and varying value of her gold is characteristic of Cassiar, the highest in value, I think, being worth about \$18.25 an ounce. On Snow creek—the richest single claim in Cassiar—paid for a week 300 ounces for six or eight men. Seventy-two ounces were washed from one pan of dirt in 1876 and decomposed rusty quartz containing gold was found on this creek."

At pp. 502 R of the same work the gifted author says: "Save in a few exceptional cases the occurrence of coarse gold in the channels may safely be accepted as proving that the original source of the gold

graph creek. The provincial government has been approached with a view of inducing the province to build a wagon road to the lake, and a most favorable reply has been received by Mr. Anderson and his associates to the effect that if the railway is not started this year it will be taken into very serious consideration. It found impossible to get either road or railway it is very probable that the plant will be taken in on sleighs next winter from Telegraph creek or Wrangell.

On McName creek various ledges have been found and assays have been made which give the following values. Silver, 84 ounces; copper, 11.90 per cent, and lead 35 per cent. Another 132.16 ounces of silver and 10.90 per cent copper; another 158.2 ounces silver and 26.65 per cent copper; and another 168 ounces silver and 33.02 per cent copper. In the mining report for 1900 from which these figures have been procured, it is stated that these assays were taken very carefully across the whole body of the veins, in order to ascertain the average value of the ledge. These assays were taken for the Cassiar Central Railway Company and were only published in the government report.

If ever the British Columbia Northern and McKenzie Valley Railway is built, or some other means of railway communication is supplied, there will be such a mining boom in Cassiar as the world has never seen. Claims which, if situated in Kootenay, would make millions, are not rich enough to work in Cassiar on account of the tremendous expense to be met in either taking in or purchasing supplies.

The map of Cassiar country, which is published herewith, gives the projected route of the British Columbia



Glenora Landing, B.C., on Stikine River.

is not far off. The distance to which coarse gold travels is, as a rule, very inconsiderable, even in the beds of rapid streams. Additional evidence to the same effect is generally offered by the varying assay value of the gold found on different creeks, or even on different parts of the same creek, and this is often emphasized by the rough and uneven character of the gold and the circumstance that it is infrequently still found imbedded in fragments of quartz."

On Dease river the gold taken assays about \$15.50, on Rosella creek it assays \$18.25, which indicates from Mr. Dawson's deductions that the main quartz lead cannot be far off and it seems fair to say that it would pay good lode prospectors just as handsomely to give some attention to this remarkable rich country as it has paid placer and hydraulic miners in the past and is paying at the present time.

Last year the only hydraulic property being extensively worked in the Dease river portion of the country was Mr. Warburton Pike's on Thibert creek. This year another will be in operation as the Rosella Hydraulic and Mining Company, a purely local concern, operating on Rosella creek, a branch of French river, has, all ready for shipment a large plant to go in by the first steamer. It is not yet known whether it will be possible to get this plant installed in time to make a run before winter sets in, but the company will make every endeavor to get the plant fitted in time to get in one month's run. The gold on this company's property is very coarse and is worth \$18.25 an ounce, and they appear to have a most valuable property.

Another company, managed by Wellington Anderson, mining engineer of the Atlin and San Francisco, had fully intended operating a large plant on Dease river this year. The plant is costing \$100,000 and is five times as large as the plant the Rosella Company are sending in. The company finds that with the horses available it would take two years to pack the plant in from Tele-

graph creek. The provincial government has been approached with a view of inducing the province to build a wagon road to the lake, and a most favorable reply has been received by Mr. Anderson and his associates to the effect that if the railway is not started this year it will be taken into very serious consideration. It found impossible to get either road or railway it is very probable that the plant will be taken in on sleighs next winter from Telegraph creek or Wrangell.

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The map of Cassiar country, which is published herewith, gives the projected route of the British Columbia Northern and McKenzie Valley Railway. The parties financing the line have intimated to the government their willingness to put up a substantial deposit just as soon as the subsidy has been passed, to guarantee that they will start building within sixty days. The letter containing this offer is now in the hands of the government, and their acceptance is a foregone conclusion.

If this company do secure their charter and subsidy it is simply impossible to calculate what it means for British Columbia. It will at once open up the enormously rich Dease river country and make it possible to work properties which at present are, though immensely rich, not rich enough to pay to work under existing conditions. Prospecting will be made possible, persons owning claims now which they are unable to get to will be enabled to get to work and it seems reasonable to think that the government can very well afford to act liberally with the company and offer acceptable terms.

The increased revenue would pay interest on a very fair subsidy and would do away with the present unsatisfactory state of affairs which exist, viz.: Canadians having to ship, in bond, all freight to Dawson and freight to Atlin and the adjacent territory.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is pledged to grant aid to an all Canadian route into the Yukon, and while the White Pass Company are endeavoring to secure a charter to build from White Horse to the Yukon, it is hoped that Dominion aid will be granted this session.

The following particulars concerning the recent rich discoveries on the Liard are taken from the Colonist of March 31st last:

It seems that last autumn a Mr. W. A. McLeod got considerable coarse gold from some Indians who had been away to a far distant hunting ground. Mr. McLeod was at one time in charge of the Hudson Bay Company's trading post at Fort Nelson on the Nelson river, but had lately been transferred to Fort Liard at the junction of the Mc-Kenzie and Liard rivers. The Indians who had the gold were some of his old Nelson country Indians. They happened to have received some favors at his hands in former times, which, by the way, the Indian seldom forgets. In this way he got one of them to tell him where the gold came from.

## Lingering Coughs Severe Chest Colds

Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup and Asthma Yield Promptly to

Dr. Chase's SYRUP

Liaseed and  
Turpentine

The sales of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine during 1903 were over forty per cent, larger than in 1902.

This means that nearly half as much again was used. Can there be better proof of the merit of this great family medicine?

It is undoubtedly the far-reaching effect of this preparation that makes it so popular.

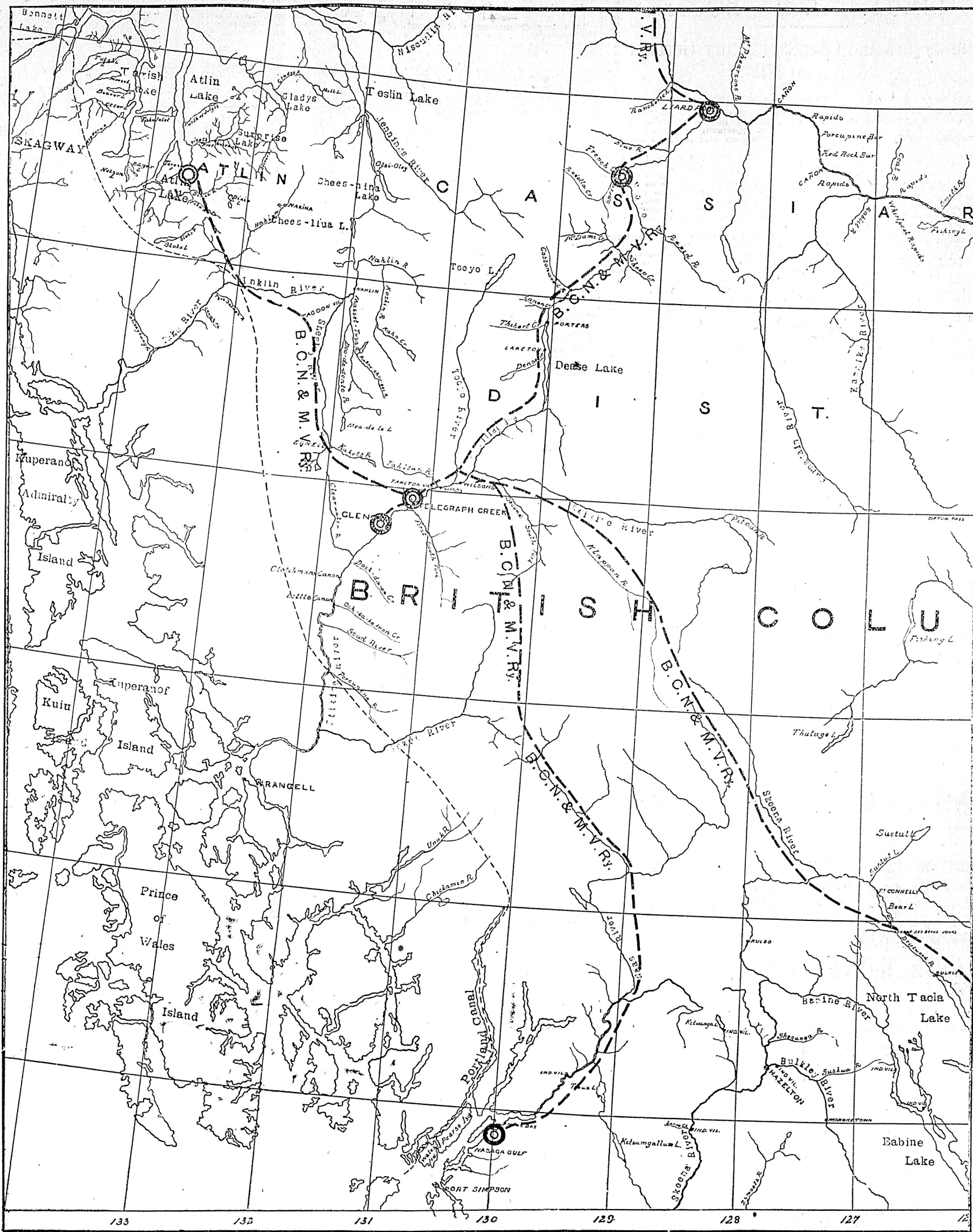
People soon find out that it is far more than a mere temporary relief and that it can be absolutely depended on in serious and severe cases of throat and lung trouble.

Mrs. J. Provost, Renfrew, Ont., states: "My fourteen-year-old boy had a severe cold in the chest last winter, and I really thought he was going to die. He coughed nearly all the time, and sometimes would spit up blood. We had about given up all hopes of his recovery when I heard of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. After using one bottle there was a great change in his condition, and I can positively say that he was completely cured by two bottles and he has not been troubled since. I never saw medicine take such quick effect and can sincerely recommend it."

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, 25 cents a bottle, family size (three times as much) 60 cents, at all dealers or Elder, Bates & Co., Toronto.

To protect you against imitations the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every bottle.

## THE ROUTE TO NEW LIARD GOLD FIELDS



employed them rather than white men.

"There are thousands of miles of territory drained by the Liard river and its tributaries that have never been seen by a white man. The river on which the strike is reported is the Nahani, a tributary of the Liard and about 200 miles northeast of Liard Post, which is at the junction of the Dease and Liard rivers.

When questioned as to the most practicable way to get into the Nahani country Mr. MacDonald said the Wrangell route was much the best. "From Wrangell a river steamer goes to Telegraph creek. From there a good pack trail leads to Dease lake which was put in last season by the Thibert Creek Mining Company. Lumber can be purchased here and boats built."

When the boat is built and the outfit loaded in the exciting part of the voyage begins. The waters of Dease river, down which the voyager goes, are very swift and there are three bad rapids. The Liard river is extremely swift and it is necessary to portage the whole outfit in some places. During the period of high water, in July, it is practically impossible to navigate the river. I shall never forget my first trip down these rivers in the summer of 1893. The scenery is indescribably grand and the thunder of the foaming waters mingled with the excited shouts of my Indian crew as we shot between the grim and towering walls of some mountain canyon filled with rocks and a seething cauldron of white water gave one a taste of the wild enthusiasm of the cavalry charge or the stampede of a bunch of cattle in a midnight storm.

"Of course it will be necessary to have miners' licenses from the government of the Northwest Territory. These cost \$10. An outfit can usually be purchased in Telegraph Creek, where there are two large general stores belonging to the Hudson Bay Company. Charges over the pack trail to Dease lake are 8 cents per pound. A few good river boats, owned by a mining company, were for sale on Dease lake a year ago at \$250 each. They would carry about four tons of stuff. Since the sawmill was brought in I should think that a boat with a capacity of 1,500 pounds could be built for \$75 to \$90. None but good river men should attempt these rivers without a guide.

"The ice on Dease river breaks up the first week in June. The rivers can then be navigated by boats until high water in July, when the current on the Liard becomes impassable until the water goes down again, about the first of August.

"As in all other gold strikes there will probably be thousands of dollars

thrown away in the purchase of needless articles of outfit by the uninitiated and no doubt many will lose their supplies and possibly their lives in attempting to reach the land of gold without proper guides. Still if that vast extent of unknown land is quired up and made to give up its gold humanity will be the gainer in spite of the cost."

In conclusion Mr. MacDonald dwelt on the wild beauty of the country. He said in part that the happy hours spent with nature and nature's children in that glorious mountain home would never be forgotten by him; "that the gilded chandeliers of the city never shone on sights half so fair as the visions of the mountains sending up their glittering pinnacles into the blue sunny skies of summer and has fed the crystal fountains which refresh the green valleys, and fill up the silvery lakes and streams so that they may float away in the sunny stillness to join the rushing rapids and greet the crimson and gold of the setting sun."

### HE WASN'T PRESENT.

Genial American Tells London Society Party of the Family Lynching.

At a recent dinner in town, says Modern Society (London), the conversation turned on the subject of lynchings in the United States. It was the general opinion that a rope was the chief evil of the South. An American, finally, the hostess turned to an American, who had taken no part in the conversation, and said:

"You, sir, must have often seen these affairs."

"Yes," he replied, "we take a kind of municipal pride in seeing which city can show the greatest number of lynchings yearly."

"Oh, do tell us about a lynching you have seen yourself," broke in a half dozen voices at once.

"The night before I sailed for England," said the American, "I was giving a dinner to a party of intimate friends when a colored waiter spilled a plate of soup over the gown of a lady at an adjoining table. The gown was utterly ruined and the gentlemen of her party at once seized the waiter, tied a rope around his neck and at a signal from the injured lady swung him into the air."

"Horrible," said the hostess, with a shudder.

"And did you actually see this yourself?"

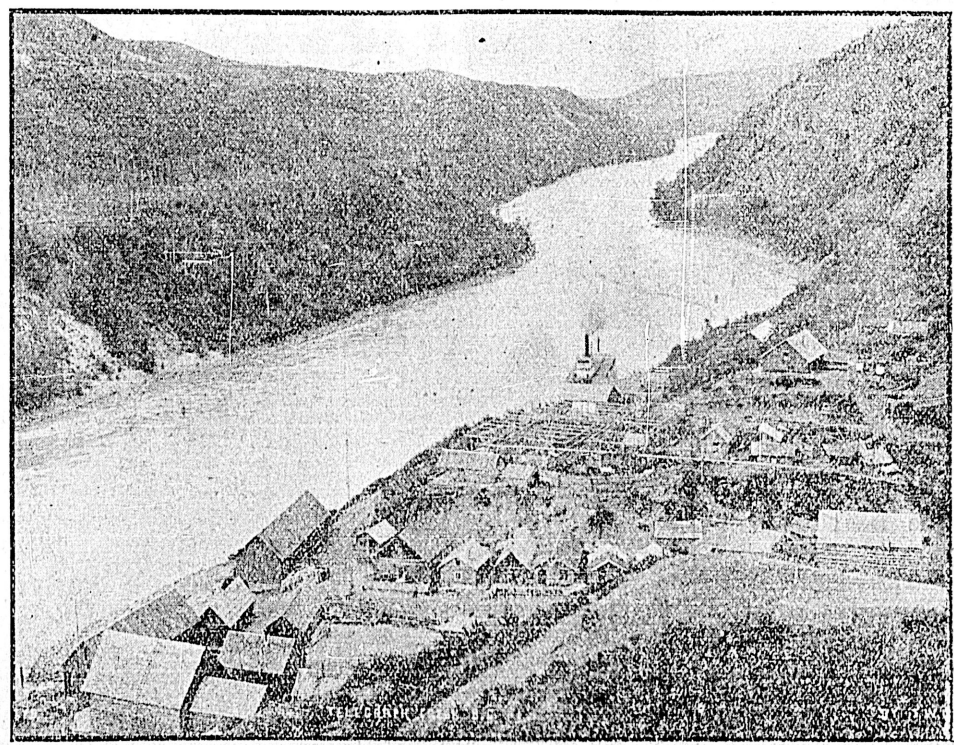
"Well, no," said the American, apologetically. "Just at that time I was downstairs killing the chef for putting mustard in the blanc mange."—Wex J., Portland Oregonian.

### PETROLEUM IN NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

In a report on the petroleum fields of northwest Germany, the French consul at Bremen remarks that at the present time twelve companies are operating at Wietze about sixty borings, yielding from 15 to 18 trucks of oil daily. Besides these, other companies are busy on preparatory work. There are 25 wells, varying in depth from 120 to 400 metres. The oil obtained up to 200 metres is dark in color and thick; its particular use is as a lubricant on the railways. From drillings below 200

metres a lighter oil is obtained, furnishing benzine, lighting oil, gas oil, etc. It is anticipated that, at greater depths, still lighter oils, hitherto unexploited, may be found. Wietze, which is now connected by rail with Stenford, is only one point of the petroleum district, which includes Horst, Oelheim, Hanzgen and Verden, where other companies are engaged in preliminary work. The large number of fields and disposing of the yield. It is confidently hoped that these operations may break up the monopoly enjoyed by the Standard Oil Company.

Rub with Griffiths' Menthol Liniment.



Telegraph Creek, the Head of Navigation on the Stikine River.